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THIRD NIGHT LEAD IKE WRAPUP  
BY JOHN SCALI

ROME, DEC. 5 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND ITALY'S LEADERS CALLED ON THEIR ALLIES TONIGHT TO KEEP THEIR DEFENSES UP UNTIL RUSSIA AGREES TO DISARM WITH "CONTROLS, INSPECTION AND SAFEGUARDS."

WITH A FINAL TWO-HOUR REVIEW OF WORLD PROBLEMS, EISENHOWER WOUND UP TWO DAYS OF TALKS WITH PRESIDENT GIOVANNI GRONCHI AND PREMIER ANTONIO SEGNI. ITALY WAS THE FIRST STOP ON THE AMERICAN LEADER'S 11-NATION GOOD WILL TOUR.

EISENHOWER DECLARED THERE CAN BE NO LETUP IN THE WESTERN DEFENSIVE POSITION UNTIL MOSCOW AGREES TO A TRUSTWORTHY PEACE.

EISENHOWER ALSO PROMISED THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT TO LOOK FAVORABLY ON ITALY'S DESIRE TO JOIN ANY EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE THAT DEALS WITH EUROPEAN SECURITY AS WELL AS DISARMAMENT PROBLEMS.

THE PRESIDENT SET FORTH HIS VIEWS IN A JOINT COMMUNIQUE WITH GRONCHI AND SEGNI.

SMILING AND CHIPPER, EISENHOWER WAS HOST LATER AT A FORMAL DINNER FOR THE ITALIAN LEADERS AT VILLA TAVERNA, THE RESIDENCE OF THE U.S. AMBASSADOR IN ROME.

THE PRESIDENT WENT TO THE VILLA AT 8:15 P.M. AS HOST, HE ESCORTED MRS. GRONCHI, WIFE OF THE ITALIAN PRESIDENT, TO THE TABLE.

AFTER DINNER, WHEN GRONCHI LEFT, EISENHOWER ACCOMPANIED HIM OUTSIDE THE EMBASSY RESIDENCE TO HIS CAR. DESPITE THE CHILL OF THE RAINY EVENING, EISENHOWER WENT OUT WITHOUT A HAT OR OUTER COAT. HE WAS ONLY OUTSIDE A MINUTE OR TWO AND WAS NOT IN THE RAIN.

FIVE MINUTES AFTER GRONCHI DEPARTED, EISENHOWER GOT INTO HIS OWN CAR AND WAS DRIVEN BACK TO QUIRINAL PALACE WHERE HE IS STAYING. HE ARRIVED THERE AT 11 P.M. AND WENT DIRECTLY TO HIS APARTMENT.

THE PRESIDENT LEAVES ITALY TOMORROW SHORTLY BEFORE NOON AFTER AN AUDIENCE WITH POPE JOHN XXIII. HE FLIES TO TURKEY, SECOND STOP ON HIS TOUR.

THE FINAL COMMUNIQUE REPORTED EISENHOWER HAD AGREED WITH THE ITALIAN OFFICIALS ON THESE KEY POINTS:

1. THE 15-NATION ATLANTIC PACT MUST REMAIN "THE CORNERSTONE OF THEIR FOREIGN POLICIES." AN AMERICAN SPOKESMAN SAID THIS MEANS STEPS SHOULD BE TAKEN TO AVOID ANYTHING THAT MIGHT WEAKEN THE 10-YEAR-OLD DEFENSE TREATY.

2. MORE FREE COUNTRIES SHOULD JOIN IN A COORDINATED PLAN FOR STEPPING UP ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE TO UNDERDEVELOPED LANDS STRUGGLING TO LIFT THEIR LIVING STANDARDS.

3. FURTHER MEASURES SHOULD BE TAKEN QUICKLY TO WIPE OUT DISCRIMINATORY TRADE RESTRICTIONS WHICH BLOCK COMMERCE AMONG FREE COUNTRIES.

EISENHOWER'S THREE SEPARATE TALKS WITH ITALIAN OFFICIALS WERE CONDUCTED IN A WARM, FRIENDLY ATMOSPHERE, UNAFFECTED BY THE DELUGE OF RAIN THAT FELL THROUGHOUT THE VISIT.

THE HEAVY STRESS ON THE NEED FOR TRUSTWORTHY DISARMAMENT CONTROLS STOOD OUT AS A MAIN POINT IN THE DISCUSSIONS.

"THE PARTICIPANTS EXPRESSED THEIR DETERMINATION TO PURSUE POLICIES AIMED AT REDUCING THE BURDEN OF ARMAMENTS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD," THE COMMUNIQUE SAID.

BOTH SIDES PROMISED TO STRIVE FOR SUCCESS IN THE WORK OF THE 10-NATION U.N. DISARMAMENT COMMISSION WHICH IS TO TACKLE THAT PROBLEM NEXT MONTH.

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AT AT NEWS CONFERENCE AFTERWARD UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE ROBERT D. MURPHY AND WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES HAGERTY MADE CLEAR ITALY DID NOT ASK TO JOIN THE SCHEDULED BIG FOUR EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

THAT CONFERENCE IS TO BRING TOGETHER EISENHOWER, SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV, BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AND FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE.

THE ITALIANS RECOGNIZED THAT THIS EAST-WEST SESSION WILL DEAL WITH GERMANY AND BERLIN, THE SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITY OF THE FOUR POWERS AS VICTORS OVER THE GERMANS IN WORLD WAR II.

BUT HAGERTY SAID EISENHOWER PROMISED TO LOOK WITH "A CERTAIN SYMPATHY" ON ITALY'S REQUEST TO BE INCLUDED IF EAST-WEST TALKS MOVED ON INTO THE FIELDS OF DISARMAMENT AND EUROPEAN SECURITY.

EISENHOWER PLEDGED TO BRING UP AT THE WESTERN SUMMIT MEETING IN PARIS DEC. 19 ITALY'S DESIRE TO MAKE WHAT HAGERTY DESCRIBED AS A MAXIMUM CONTRIBUTION TO EASING WORLD TENSIONS.

EISENHOWER AND GRONCHI TALKED OVER THEIR PLANS FOR MAKING SEPARATE VISITS TO MOSCOW AND OTHER SECTIONS OF THE SOVIET UNION IN 1960.

THEY AGREED THAT BOTH VISITS REPRESENT EFFORTS TO ADVANCE PEACE AND THE SEARCH FOR SETTLEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS, THE COMMUNIQUE SAID.

EISENHOWER LAUDED ITALY'S ROLE IN CHAMPIONING EUROPEAN UNITY. HE SAID THE SIX-NATION ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WHICH IT IS A MEMBER SHOULD MOVE AHEAD "TO EVOLVE POLICIES IN ORDER TO PROMOTE THE COLLABORATION WITH OTHER SIMILAR ASSOCIATIONS AND OTHER COUNTRIES."

THIS WAS BELIEVED TO BE A REFERENCE TO AMERICAN HOPES THAT THE SIX NATIONS--ITALY, WEST GERMANY, FRANCE, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS AND LUXEMBOURG---WILL AVOID ANY ECONOMIC WARFARE AGAINST THE OUTER SEVEN EUROPEAN GROUP LED BY BRITAIN.

AUTHORITATIVE DIPLOMATIC INFORMANTS SAID EISENHOWER SUCCEEDED IN EASING ITALY'S CONCERN LEST THE UNITED STATES RUSH INTO A QUICK DEAL WITH THE RUSSIANS.

ITALIANS HAVE BEEN WORRIED ABOUT TALK THAT THE UNITED STATES MIGHT CUT BACK MILITARY AID SHIPMENTS, WEAKENING THE ATLANTIC PACT, IN ANTICIPATION OF A COLD WAR DEAL WITH THE SOVIET UNION.

BEFORE MEETING WITH SEGNI TO REVIEW QUESTIONS TO COME UP AT THE WESTERN SUMMIT TALKS DEC. 19 IN PARIS, THE PRESIDENT HAD A HEART-TO-HEART TALK WITH EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. EMBASSY.

"I DO KNOW THE UNITED STATES IS NOT ALWAYS ADMIRER," HE SAID. "I AM GOING TO TRY TO INTERPRET AMERICA TO OTHER PEOPLES A LITTLE BIT MORE EMPHATICALLY, A LITTLE BIT MORE ACCURATELY THAN HAS BEEN DONE."

"I GET A GREAT LIFT WHEN I HAVE A CHANCE TO DO THIS KIND OF THING MYSELF."

"SINCE I HAVE FOUR GRANDCHILDREN MYSELF, I AM MUCH CONCERNED THAT THEY SHOULD HAVE A BETTER LIFE THAN I HAD."

THE PRESIDENT WENT TO THE EMBASSY FROM THE TOMB OF ITALY'S UNKNOWN SOLDIER. BRAVING THE PERSISTENT RAIN, THE PRESIDENT LAID A WREATH AT THE TOMB, THE FIRST OFFICIAL ACT OF HIS SECOND DAY IN ROME.

IN HIS TALKS WITH SEGNI, EISENHOWER IS REPORTED TO HAVE HAMMERED HARD AT THE THEME THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL NOT SACRIFICE WESTERN UNITY FOR THE SAKE OF AN EASY DEAL WITH THE SOVIET UNION.

AUTHORITATIVE OFFICIALS FAMILIAR WITH HIS VIEWS REPORTED THE PRESIDENT SAID THE UNITED STATES FAVORED FORGING AHEAD WITH REGIONAL DEFENSE ALLIANCES, SUCH AS THE ATLANTIC PACT, UNTIL THERE ARE FOOL-PROOF AGREEMENTS WITH THE SOVIETS.

THESE AUTHORITIES SAID EISENHOWER MADE THESE MAIN POINTS IN FAR-RANGING DISCUSSION OF WHAT HE BELIEVES WESTERN STRATEGY SHOULD BE:



1. HE IS MODERATELY HOPEFUL OF A STOPGAP AGREEMENT EASING BERLIN TENSIONS. BUT HE WILL BE WARY LEST THE IMPERIL PROSPECTS FOR ACHIEVING GERMAN UNITY.
2. TO MAKE SURE THERE IS NO WEAKENING OF THE ATLANTIC PACT, THE U.S. WILL CONTINUE TO SHIP BIG QUANTITIES OF WEAPONS TO THESE ALLIES. EISENHOWER MENTIONED NO FIGURE BUT LEFT THE IMPRESSION THESE ARMS SHIPMENTS MIGHT BE STEPPED UP.
3. HE WILL PERSEVERE IN HIS CHERISHED GOAL OF A SAFEGUARDED DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE SOVIETS. SUCH AN ARRANGEMENT WILL BE SLOW IN COMING, HOWEVER.

EISENHOWER IS REPORTED TO HAVE SUCCEEDED IN REASSURING ITALIAN OFFICIALS WHO WERE CONCERNED OVER WASHINGTON HINTS THE UNITED STATES MIGHT REDUCE MILITARY SPENDING BECAUSE OF ITS RECORD XALANCE OF PAYMENTS DEFICIT.

SEGI AND HIS MODERATE COALITION GOVERNMENT FAVOR A FIRM EAST-WEST APPROACH. IN ADVANCE OF EISENHOWER'S ARRIVAL THEY HAD REQUESTED THAT EISENHOWER DISCUSS WITH THEM ANY CHANGES HE PROPOSED IN BASIC ALLIED POLICY.

THE 69-YEAR-OLD PRESIDENT, WEARING A LIGHTWEIGHT GREY RAINCOAT, DECIDED ON A QUICK VISIT TO THE U.S. EMBASSY DESPITE HIS ROUND OF CONFERENCES.

IN A VOICE TINGED WITH EMOTION, HE TOLD SOME 900 APPLAUDING EMBASSY OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES THE AIM OF HIS TOUR IS TO HELP ACHIEVE A BETTER LIFE FOR FUTURE MANKIND, INCLUDING HIS FOUR GRANDCHILDREN.

EISENHOWER DESCRIBED HIS SCHEDULED 23,000-MILE JOURNEY AS "A RATHER DRAMATIC TOUR OF SOME THOUSANDS OF MILES." HE IS DUE TO GO ON TO TURKEY, PAKISTAN, AFGHANISTAN, INDIA, GREECE, FRANCE, TUNISIA AND MOROCCO BEFORE RETURNING TO WASHINGTON DEC. 22.

IN TELLING ABOUT THE GOAL OF HIS TRIP, EISENHOWER NOTED HE HAS FOUR GRANDCHILDREN--DAVID, 11, BARBARA ANNE, 10, SUSAN ELAINE 7, AND MARY JEAN 3.

THEY ARE THE CHILDREN OF HIS SON JOHN, AN ARMY MAJOR WHO IS ACCOMPANYING EISENHOWER AS A WHITE HOUSE AIDE.

WITH HIS WIFE BARBARA, JOHN WENT SIGHT-SEEING IN ROME TODAY, TOURING THE RENOWNED VATICAN MUSEUM AND ITS WORLD FAMOUS SISTINE CHAPEL.

THE PRESIDENT STARTED OFF HIS DAY BY LAYING AN ENORMOUS WREATH AT THE TOMB OF ITALY'S UNKNOWN SOLDIER. FOUR PLUMED PALACE GUARDS, STRUGGLED TO PUT THE WREATH IN PLACE WHILE EISENHOWER STOOD BRIEFLY BAREHEADED IN THE RAIN.

EISENHOWER DOFFED HIS GREY HAT THREE TIMES DURING THE BRIEF CEREMONY WHILE THE RAIN PELTED HIM. WITHOUT HUFFING OR PUFFING, HE WALKED UP THE MARBLE STEPS TO THE MONUMENT.

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES HAGERTY AGAIN EMPHASIZED TO REPORTERS THAT THE BONE-CHILLING RAINS HAVE NOT AFFECTED THE PRESIDENT'S HEALTH IN ANY WAY.

EVER SINCE HE ARRIVED FRIDAY IN A RAINSTORM, HAGERTY HAS BEEN BUSY KNOCKING DOWN RUMORS THAT EISENHOWER HAS THE SNIFFLES OR ANY NEW ACHES AND PAINS.

THE PRESIDENT IS IN A JAUNTY, CHIPPER MOOD DESPITE THE WEATHER, HAGERTY SAID, AND IS SORRY ONLY THAT HE HAS MISSED THE SUNSHINE FOR WHICH ITALY IS FAMOUS.

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BULLETIN

THIRD LEAD DAY IKE

ROME, DEC. 5 (AP)--PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND PRESIDENT GIOVANNI GRONCHI OF ITALY EXPRESSED DETERMINATION TONIGHT TO PURSUE POLICIES AIMED AT REDUCING THE ARMAMENT BURDEN THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

IN A JOINT STATEMENT AT THE CONCLUSION OF TWO DAYS OF TALKS THE TWO CHIEFS OF STATE SAID THEIR GOVERNMENTS ALSO WERE DETERMINED "TO DO ALL IN THEIR POWER TO INSURE THAT THE TEN-NATION DISARMAMENT GROUP OF WHICH BOTH ITALY AND THE UNITED STATES ARE MEMBERS WILL LAY THE GROUNDWORK FOR AN ACCEPTABLE SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEM OF DISARMAMENT."

THAT SOLUTION, THE STATEMENT SAID, CAN ONLY BE ACHIEVED WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF A SPECIFIC SYSTEM OF CONTROLS, INSPECTION AND SAFEGUARDS.

EISENHOWER AND GRONCHI THUS STOOD FIRMLY BY THE WEST'S POSITION THAT ANY DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA MUST BE FOOLPROOF AND TRUST-WORTHY.

THE STATEMENT WAS ISSUED AS EISENHOWER NEARED THE END OF HIS STAY IN ROME, THE FIRST STOP ON HIS 22,000-MILE GOOD WILL MISSION TO 11 NATIONS. THE TWO PRESIDENTS DISCUSSED A WIDE RANGE OF INTERNATIONAL TOPICS.

THE STATEMENT SAID THE SESSIONS WERE CONDUCTED IN "THE CLEAR KNOWLEDGE THAT ITALY'S INCREASING CONTRIBUTION TO THE ELABORATION OF A COMMON WESTERN POLICY IS IN THE INTERESTS OF THE WESTERN COUNTRIES."

THAT ASSERTION UNDERScoreD ITALY'S EAGERNESS FOR A BIGGER VOICE IN WESTERN POLICY IN DEALING WITH SOVIET UNION.

BEFORE THE COMMUNIQUE WAS ISSUED, AMERICAN AND ITALIAN LEADERSHIP WERE REPORTED IN AGREEMENT THAT THE WEST MUST BOLSTER DEFENSIVE STRENGTH DESPITE MOSCOW'S CURRENT PEACE TALK. A FINAL TWO-HOUR TALK WITH GRONCHI AND PREMIER ANTONIO SEGI WOUND UP THE OFFICIAL PHASE OF EISENHOWER'S VISIT.

THE TEXT OF THE COMMUNIQUE:

"THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, ASSISTED BY AMBASSADOR MURPHY (U.S. UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE), THE PRESIDENT OF THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS OF THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC (PRIME MINISTER), ASSISTED BY MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS PELLA CONCLUDED ON DEC. 5 A TWO-DAY SERIES OF MEETINGS WHICH WERE HELD BOTH AT THE QUIRINAL PALACE AND THE VIMINALE PALACE.

"THE CONVERSATIONS WERE ANIMATED BY FRIENDSHIP, RESPECT AND UNDERSTANDING. THEY COVERED A WIDE RANGE OF INTERNATIONAL SUBJECTS IN WHICH BOTH ITALY AND THE UNITED STATES ARE INTERESTED.

"THE MEETINGS WERE CONDUCTED IN THE CLEAR KNOWLEDGE THAT ITALY'S INCREASING CONTRIBUTION TO A COMMON WESTERN POLICY IS IN THE INTEREST OF WESTERN COUNTRIES.

"PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND PRESIDENT GRONCHI DISCUSSED PLANS FOR THEIR RESPECTIVE VISITS TO THE SOVIET UNION NEXT YEAR. THEY AGREED THAT THESE VISITS ARE BEING UNDERTAKEN IN THE HOPE THAT THEY WILL ADVANCE THE CAUSE OF PEACE AND CONTRIBUTE TO THE SEARCH FOR SOLUTIONS OF OUTSTANDING INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS.

"BOTH PARTIES DECLARED THAT THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE REMAINS THE CORNERSTONE OF THEIR FOREIGN POLICIES. THEY FOUND THEMSELVES IN FULL AGREEMENT WITH REGARD TO THE VITAL ROLE WHICH THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE MUST CONTINUE TO PLAY.

"THEY CONFIRMED THE FIRM BELIEF THAT THE WAY TO WORLD PEACE LIES THROUGH FULL APPLICATION OF THE PRINCIPLES SET FORTH IN THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER, AND EXPRESSED THE DEDICATION OF THEIR TWO COUNTRIES TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

"THEY EXCHANGED VIEWS REGARDING APPROPRIATE WAYS AND MEANS TO ACCELERATE THE ECONOMIC GROWTH OF THE LESS DEVELOPED COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD WITH THE PURPOSE OF INCREASING THE COMBINED ECONOMIC STRENGTH OF THE FREE WORLD AND THE WELL-BEING OF ALL PEOPLES.

"THEY AGREED THAT INCREASED FREE WORLD PARTICIPATION IN ASSISTANCE TO THE LESS DEVELOPED AREAS IS NECESSARY AND THAT THIS PARTICIPATION SHOULD BE COORDINATED AMONG THE FREE NATIONS.

"THE PARTICIPANTS EXPRESSED THEIR DETERMINATION TO PURSUE POLICIES AIMED AT REDUCING THE BURDEN OF ARMAMENTS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. THE TWO GOVERNMENTS ALSO EXPRESSED THEIR DETERMINATION TO DO ALL THEIR POWER TO INSURE THAT THE 10-NATION DISARMAMENT GROUP, OF WHICH BOTH ITALY AND THE UNITED STATES ARE MEMBERS, WILL LAY THE GROUNDWORK FOR AN ACCEPTABLE SOLUTION OF THE PROBLEM OF DISARMAMENT.



WHICH CAN ONLY BE ACHIEVED WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF A SPECIFIC SYSTEM OF CONTROLS, INSPECTIONS AND SAFEGUARDS.

THEY REVIEWED DEVELOPMENTS RELATED TO THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY. THEY NOTED THE SUBSTANTIAL PROGRESS WHICH IS BEING ACHIEVED IN CARRYING OUT THE ROME TREATY AND IN INCREASING POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC UNITY AMONG THE STATES OF THE COMMUNITY.

THEY WERE AGREED ON THE CONTINUING IMPORTANCE OF THESE OBJECTIVES AND THE NEED FOR THE COMMUNITY TO EVOLVE POLICIES IN ORDER TO PROMOTE THE COLLABORATION WITH OTHER SIMILAR ASSOCIATIONS AND OTHER COUNTRIES, AND ALSO TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE GOAL OF FREER, EXPANDED WORLD TRADE.

PRESIDENT SEGNI (OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS) INFORMED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER OF THE MEASURES BEING TAKEN BY THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT IN FURTHER LIBERALIZING TRADE WITH THE DOLLAR AREA. PRESIDENT EISENHOWER NOTED THIS WITH SATISFACTION.

THE TWO PRESIDENTS AND THE PRIME MINISTER CONSIDERED EFFORTS WHICH ARE BEING MADE THROUGH GATT (GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TRADE AND TARIFFS) AND OTHER APPROPRIATE BODIES TO REMOVE OBSTACLES TO WORLD TRADE. THEY AGREED THAT FURTHER MEASURES SHOULD BE TAKEN TO ELIMINATE DISCRIMINATORY TRADE RESTRICTIONS.

THIS SERIES OF MEETINGS CONSTITUTED AN IMPORTANT STEP IN THE PROGRESS TOWARD THE REALIZATION OF THE IDEALS OF PEACE, SECURITY, JUSTICE AND SOCIAL PROGRESS WHICH FORM THE BASIS OF ALL POLICIES OF THE TWO COUNTRIES.

(END TEXT)

IN ADVANCE OF THIS, THE PRESIDENT ASSURED THE ITALIAN LEADERS THE UNITED STATES NEVER WOULD SACRIFICE WESTERN UNITY FOR THE SAKE OF A QUICK AND EASY DEAL WITH THE SOVIET UNION.

THE PRESIDENT MADE THE PLEDGE TO PREMIER ANTONIO SEGNI ON THE SECOND DAY OF HIS VISIT TO ROME, FIRST STOP ON HIS 11-NATION MISSION OF PEACE.

EARLIER, THE PRESIDENT HAD TOLD U.S. EMBASSY EMPLOYEES WITH A VOICE SHAKING WITH EMOTION THAT HE HAD UNDERTAKEN THIS UNPRECEDENTED MISSION OF PEACE TO TRY TO INTERPRET AMERICA TO OTHER PEOPLES.

"SINCE I HAVE FOUR GRANDCHILDREN MYSELF," HE ADDED, "I AM MUCH CONCERNED THAT THEY SHOULD HAVE A BETTER LIFE THAN I HAD."

INFORMED SOURCES SAID THE PRESIDENT IN HIS TALKS WITH SEGNI ASSERTED THE UNITED STATES FAVORED PRESSING AHEAD WITH REGIONAL DEFENSE ALLIANCES SUCH AS THE ATLANTIC PACT UNTIL THERE ARE SAFEGUARDED AGREEMENTS WITH THE RUSSIANS.

EISENHOWER WAS SAID TO BE RATHER HOPEFUL OF SOME SORT OF AGREEMENT EASING THE TENSIONS OVER BERLIN.

THE UNITED STATES WILL CONTINUE TO SEND HUGE QUANTITIES OF WEAPONS TO ITS EUROPEAN ALLIES, EISENHOWER WAS SAID TO HAVE ASSURED SEGNI.

THE PRESIDENT EMPHASIZED HIS GOAL WAS A DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE SOVIET UNION, BUT HE CONCEDED IT MIGHT TAKE TIME.

IN A JOVIAL MOOD DESPITE ROME'S CONTINUING RAIN, EISENHOWER MET WITH SEGNI TO REVIEW DECISIONS EXPECTED AT THE WESTERN SUMMIT TALKS DEC. 19.

THE CONFERENCE WITH SEGNI, EISENHOWER'S SECOND SINCE ARRIVING IN ROME YESTERDAY, LASTED NEARLY TWO HOURS AT THE PREMIER'S OFFICE ENDING JUST BEFORE LUNCH TIME.

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY TOLD NEWSMEN THAT SEGNI AND ITALIAN FOREIGN MINISTER GIUSEPPE PELLA OUTLINED THEIR VIEWS ON THE FORTHCOMING PARIS MEETING. HE ALSO REPORTED THAT THE ITALIANS GAVE THEIR VIEWS OF EUROPEAN PROBLEMS GENERALLY.

ANSWERING QUESTIONS, HAGERTY SAID THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT DID NOT REQUEST A ROLE AS AN OBSERVER AT THE PARIS MEETING WHICH IS TO BRING TOGETHER EISENHOWER AND THE LEADERS OF BRITAIN, FRANCE AND WEST GERMANY.

EARLIER, THE PRESIDENT HAD MADE HIS PLEDGE TO SEEK A BETTER LIFE FOR HIS GRANDCHILDREN IN A SHORT TALK AT THE U.S. EMBASSY.

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EISENHOWER AND SEGNI CONFERRED FOR ABOUT AN HOUR AND 22 MINUTES. U.S. UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE ROBERT MURPHY ACCOMPANIED THE PRESIDENT TO THE TALKS WITH SEGNI AND ITALIAN FOREIGN MINISTER GIUSEPPE PELLA. SEVERAL HUNDRED PERSONS, MOSTLY ITALIAN GOVERNMENT WORKERS, CHEERED EISENHOWER AS HE EMERGED AND DROVE DIRECTLY BACK TO THE QUIRINAL PALACE, WHERE HE IS STAYING DURING THE 48-HOUR ROME VISIT.

THE PRESIDENT REPORTEDLY ASSURED THE ITALIAN LEADERS THE UNITED STATES INTENDS TO PRESS AHEAD DETERMINEDLY WITH A POLICY OF BUILDING EUROPE'S DEFENSES AGAINST COMMUNISM.

STANDING BEFORE ABOUT 900 ITALIAN AND AMERICAN EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. EMBASSY HERE, EISENHOWER MADE A SOLEMN PLEDGE TO "TRY TO INTERPRET AMERICA TO OTHER PEOPLE A LITTLE BIT MORE EMPHATICALLY, A LITTLE BIT MORE ACCURATELY THAN HAS BEEN DONE."

THE PRESIDENT WENT TO THE EMBASSY DIRECTLY FROM LAYING A WREATH AT THE TOMB OF ITALY'S UNKNOWN SOLDIER.

THIS WAS THE FIRST OF A ROUND OF ACTIVITIES ON HIS SECOND RAIN-WHIPPED DAY IN THIS ETERNAL CITY.

FROM THE EMBASSY THE PRESIDENT WENT TO THE PALACE AND STARTED HIS TALKS WITH SEGNI AND OTHER ITALIAN LEADERS.

EISENHOWER SEEMED TO EXUDE CONFIDENCE THAT HE WOULD ACHIEVE THE GOAL HE HAS SET FOR HIMSELF ON THIS 22,000-MILE TOUR TO THREE CONTINENTS.

THE PERSISTENT DOWNPOUR WHICH ATTENDED HIS ARRIVAL YESTERDAY CONTINUED BUT IT APPEARED TO HAVE NO EFFECT ON THE PRESIDENT'S HIGH SPIRIT.

HE WAVED SMILINGLY FROM THE ROLLED-DOWN WINDOW OF HIS CLOSED CAR TO ADMIRING ROMANS AS HE RODE TO AND FROM THE WREATH-LAYING CEREMONY AND BEAMED AT SHOUTS OF "VIVA IKE." THE RAIN KEPT THE CROWD DOWN TO ABOUT 1,000 AT THE CEREMONY.

THE PRESIDENT WORE A LIGHT GRAY OVERCOAT AND GRAY HAT AS HE WALKED UP THE 70 STEPS TO THE BASE OF THE TOMB. HE STOOD AT ATTENTION WHILE THE GUARDS PLACED THE WREATH IN POSITION.

FROM THE TOMB OF THE UNKNOWN SOLDIER IN PIAZZA VENEZIA THE PRESIDENT DROVE TO THE U.S. EMBASSY TO MAKE HIS TALK TO EMPLOYEES.

STANDING IN THE GOLD AND GILT OFFICE OF U.S. AMBASSADOR JAMES D. ZELLERBACH, THE PRESIDENT TOLD HIS AUDIENCE "I DO KNOW THE UNITED STATES IS NOT ALWAYS ADMIRABLE."

THEN WITH A QUIVER OF EMOTION HE ADDED THAT HIS AIM IS TO ASSURE PEOPLE EVERYWHERE THE UNITED STATES GOAL IS JUST PEACE FOR ALL.

"I AM GOING TO TRY TO INTERPRET AMERICA TO OTHER PEOPLES A LITTLE BIT MORE EMPHATICALLY, A LITTLE BIT MORE ACCURATELY THAN HAS BEEN DONE," THE PRESIDENT SAID.

"I GET A VERY GREAT JOY WHEN I HAVE A CHANCE TO DO THIS KIND OF THING MYSELF."

"SINCE I HAVE FOUR GRANDCHILDREN MYSELF, I AM MUCH CONCERNED THAT THEY SHOULD HAVE A BETTER LIFE THAN I HAD."

EISENHOWER PRIMISED TO TRY TO MAKE SURE THAT UNITED STATES MOTIVES ARE NOT MISUNDERSTOOD. AND HE GAVE THE IMPRESSION THAT THIS WAS WHAT HIS CURRENT HISTORIC-MAKING TOUR IS ALL ABOUT.

THE FIRST TWO DAYS OF THE PRESIDENT'S TOUR HAVE BEEN DEMANDING, BUT EISENHOWER, ALTHOUGH HE SEEMED A BIT TIRED AT TIMES, APPEARED TO BE TAKING IT IN STRIDE.

A FEW MINUTES AFTER HIS TALK AT THE EMBASSY, THE PRESIDENT LEFT FOR THE QUIRINAL PALACE. A KNOT OF ABOUT 100 PERSONS OUTSIDE THE PALACE GAVE HIM A ROUND OF APPLAUSE AS HE ENTERED THE BUILDING WHICH HOUSES THE PREMIER'S OFFICE. A GROUP OF OFFICIALS WELCOMED HIM AT THE DOOR AND ESCORTED HIM TO THE CONFERENCE-ROOM.

THE PRESIDENT INDICATED HE WOULD DEVOTE MUCH OF HIS TALK WITH THE ITALIAN LEADERS ON HELPING PEOPLE OF OTHER LANDS RAISE THEIR LIVING STANDARDS.



THIS THEME IS CLOSE TO THE ITALIAN HEART. PREMIER SEGNI IS PARTICULARLY DEVOTED TO THE IDEA OF EXTENSIVE AID TO UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES AND IS BELIEVED READY TO COMMIT MORE OF ITALY'S RESOURCES TO THE PURPOSE.

THE PRESIDENT SEEMED IN GOOD SPIRITS ON HIS SECOND DAY IN ROME, DESPITE THE STEADY RAIN WHICH HAS WASHED OUT MUCH OF THE EXPECTED PUBLIC RECEPTION.

BEAMING GOOD-NATUREDLY, EISENHOWER LAST NIGHT MAY HAVE SEEN MORE ROMANS AT A GIGANTIC RECEPTION IN HIS HONOR AT THE 400-YEAR-OLD QUIRINAL PALACE THAN HE SAW ON THE STREETS ALL DAY YESTERDAY.

SOME 3,000 OF ROME'S DIPLOMATS, POLITICIANS AND SOCIALITES TURNED OUT FOR THE EVENT WITH THEIR BEJEWELED LADIES.

EISENHOWER ARRANGED FOR TWO LENGTHY REVIEWS OF COLD WAR PROBLEMS FOR THE DAY. HIS FIRST IS WITH SEGNI THIS MORNING, IMMEDIATELY AFTER LAYING A WREATH AT THE TOMB OF THE UNKNOWN SOLDIER TO HONOR ITALY'S WAR DEAD.

HE WILL FOLLOW THIS UP WITH A SECOND TWO-HOUR CONFERENCE WITH PRESIDENT GIOVANNI GRONCHI AND SEGNI THIS AFTERNOON.

A JOINT ITALIAN-AMERICAN COMMUNIQUE WAS PROMISED AS A WINDUP TONIGHT.

AUTHORITIES FAMILIAR WITH EISENHOWER'S VIEWS SAID THE PRESIDENT'S MAIN AIM IS TO ASSURE ITALIAN LEADERS THE UNITED STATES WILL NOT WEAKEN OR SCUTTLE THE PAINSTAKINGLY BUILT ATLANTIC PACT DEFENSES FOR THE SAKE OF A DEAL WITH THE SOVIETS.

EISENHOWER'S ASSURANCE ON THIS POINT FITTED INTO THE "PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP ~~WITH LIBERTY~~" MESSAGE HE HAS PLEDGED TO CARRY TO ALL THE COUNTRIES HE VISITS DURING HIS UNPRECEDENTED 22,000 MILE TOUR.

THIS SLOGAN WITH ITS EMPHASIS ON LIBERTY HAS BEEN DEVISED TO MAKE IT CLEAR TO ALLIES, AS WELL AS NEUTRALISTS LIKE INDIA, THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS NO INTENTION OF RUSHING INTO ANY DEAL WITH MOSCOW WHICH MIGHT EXPOSE THEM LATER TO POSSIBLE SOVIET DOMINATION, AGGRESSION OR SUBVERSION. *In Freedom.*

IN LEAVING FOR HIS JET-AGE GOODWILL VISIT, EISENHOWER SAID HE WANTED TO REMOVE ALL DOUBTS ABOUT AMERICA'S DEDICATION TO PEACE WITH LIBERTY. HE FOLLOWED THIS UP YESTERDAY WITH A PLEDGE TO STAND AS A SOLID PARTNER ALWAYS WITH AN ITALIAN GOVERNMENT WHICH HAS ALMOST UNSWERVINGLY FOLLOWED AMERICAN LEADERSHIP.

ITALIAN LEADERS, WITH TALK OF AMERICAN-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP IN THE AIR, WANT EISENHOWER'S PERSONAL ASSURANCE NO BASIC REVISION IS PLANNED IN THE LONG-STANDING POLICY OF STRENGTHENING EUROPE'S DEFENSES.

SEGNI IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE CONFIDENT NO SUCH CHANGES ARE PLANNED. BUT LIKE OTHER ALLIED LEADERS HE HAS BEEN DISTURBED AT HINTS IN WASHINGTON THAT THE UNITED STATES MIGHT CUT BACK THE NUMBER OF ITS TROOPS IN EUROPE AND PERHAPS REDUCE MILITARY AID.

A FOUR-POINT AGENDA WAS REPORTED DRAFTED FOR EISENHOWER TO REVIEW WITH SEGNI, GRONCHI AND FOREIGN MINISTER GIUSEPPE PELLA. THESE POINTS WERE UNDERSTOOD TO BE:

1. FUTURE AMERICAN DEFENSE STRATEGY -- THIS IS PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT TO THE ITALIANS WHO HAVE GRANTED LONG-RANGE MISSILE BASES TO THE UNITED STATES AND HAVE ALLOWED A SHORT-RANGE AMERICAN MISSILE UNIT IN NORTHEASTERN ITALY.

2. EAST-WEST SUMMIT TALKS -- THE ITALIANS WANT EISENHOWER'S LATEST ESTIMATE ABOUT THE PROSPECTS FOR ANY MEANINGFUL AGREEMENT WITH THE SOVIETS. THEY ARE WARY OF ANY BERLIN SETTLEMENT WHICH MIGHT FREEZE THE BERLIN CRISIS FOR A FEW YEARS AT THE COST OF ENDANGERING THE GOAL OF GERMAN UNIFICATION.

3. DISARMAMENT -- THE ITALIANS LONG HAVE BEEN CHAMPIONING THIS GOAL BUT ARE INSISTING ON RIGID CONTROLS TO PREVENT THE SOVIETS FROM CHEATING IN ANY AGREEMENT. ITALY'S INTEREST WAS HEIGHTENED WITH ITS MEMBERSHIP IN A 10-NATION UNITED NATIONS DISARMAMENT COMMISSION WHICH IS TO BEGIN WORK EARLY NEXT MONTH.

4. AID TO UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS -- THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN AN ARDENT ADVOCATE OF THIS. PARTICULARLY FOR MIDDLE EAST AREAS.

THE SEGNI GOVERNMENT IS REPORTED READY TO DEVOTE MORE OF ITS RESOURCES TO THIS TASK BUT WANTS TO DO IT AS PART OF A STEPPED-UP, COORDINATED WESTERN PLAN.

EISENHOWER IS DUE TO LEAVE ROME ABOARD HIS ORANGE AND SILVER-PAINTED JETLINER SUNDAY AFTER A SPECIAL AUDIENCE WITH POPE JOHN XXIII AT THE VATICAN.

HE WILL FLY TO ANKARA FOR A ONE-DAY STAY WHICH WILL COVER MANY OF THE SAME EAST-WEST PROBLEMS HE IS DISCUSSING WITH ITALIAN OFFICIALS.

JG340AES

A31

AMS BUDGET (450)

IKE'S DAY

1959

BY MARVIN L. ARROWSMITH

ROME, DEC. 5 (AP)--PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WORKED LONG AND IN MANY WAYS TODAY AT BEING AMERICA'S GOOD WILL AMBASSADOR. HE SAID IT'S GIVING HIM A GREAT LIFT.

THIS SECOND DAY IN ROME--FIRST STOP ON HIS 19-DAY TOUR TO 11 NATIONS--THE PRESIDENT GOT WET AGAIN IN RAIN. THE CONTINUING DOWNPOUR DIDN'T SEEM TO BOTHER HIM, HOWEVER, ANY MORE THAN IT DID ON ARRIVAL FROM WASHINGTON YESTERDAY.

BUT THE RAW WEATHER AND THE RAIN CAUSED SPECULATION WHETHER EISENHOWER, WHO IS BOTHERED WITH CHRONIC BRONCHITIS, WILL GET ON OF ITALY'S CAPITAL WITHOUT CATCHING COLD. HE FLIES ON TOMORROW TO ANKARA, TURKEY, AFTER AN AUDIENCE WITH POPE JOHN XXIII. AND THE FORECAST IN ANKARA IS FOR SOME MORE RAIN.

THE PACE THE 69-YEAR-OLD PRESIDENT SET TODAY WOULD TEST THE STAMINA OF YOUNGER MEN.

HE WAS OUT OF BED ABOUT 7 A.M. AND HAD BREAKFAST IN HIS PLUSH QUARTERS AT ANCIENT QUIRINAL PALACE, THE ITALIAN PRESIDENT'S RESIDENCE. AT 9 A.M. HE SET OUT ON A ROUND OF ACTIVITIES WHICH WERE TO KEEP HIM BUSY MOST OF THE TIME UNTIL AN HOUR BEFORE MIDNIGHT.

EISENHOWER DROVE FIRST TO THE HEART OF ROME TO PLACE A HUGE WREATH AT THE TOMB OF ITALY'S UNKNOWN SOLDIER. ON THE WAY FROM THE QUIRINAL HE WAS APPLAUDED AND CHEERED IN THE STREETS.

THE CROWD THAT TURNED OUT DESPITE THE RAIN INCLUDED AT ONE POINT A COUPLE OF HUNDRED YOUNG STUDENT PRIESTS FROM A ROMAN CATHOLIC SEMINARY. THEY CUT LOOSE WITH A "WE LIKE IKE" CHANT.

AT THE MEMORIAL THE PRESIDENT REMOVED HIS HAT IN THE RAIN WHILE A BAND PLAYED THE NATIONAL ANTHEMS OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITALY. YESTERDAY EISENHOWER SCORED A RAINCOAT. TODAY HE WORE ONE.

HE MOUNTED THE MANY STEPS TO THE TOMB AND THEN, HATLESS AGAIN IN THE CHILL SHOWER, STOOD FOR ABOUT A MINUTE IN SOLEMN TRIBUTE AS THE RAIN BEAT AGAINST HIS FACE. HE ASCENDED THE STAIRS WITHOUT HESITATION, BUT TO SOME OBSERVERS HE APPEARED SOMEWHAT BREATHLESS WHEN HE REACHED THE TOMB.

WHEN HE HAD DESCENDED THE STEPS HIS COMPLEXION WAS RUDDY AS USUAL AND HIS WALK WAS BRISK. JUST BEFORE EISENHOWER ENTERED HIS LIMOUSINE THE NATIONAL ANTHEMS WERE PLAYED AGAIN, AND HE WAS ONCE MORE BAREHEADED IN THE RAIN FOR A MOMENT.

FROM THERE THE PRESIDENT WENT ON TO THE AMERICAN EMBASSY WHERE HE SPOKE BRIEFLY TO THE STAFF. IT WAS THERE HE SAID HE WAS MAKING THIS 23,000-MILE TOUR TO THREE CONTINENTS--A RATHER DRAMATIC TRIP, HE CALLED IT--IN AN EFFORT TO DEMONSTRATE AMERICA'S SINCERITY IN SEEKING A JUST WORLD PEACE.

"SINCE I HAVE FOUR GRANDCHILDREN," EISENHOWER SAID, "I AM VERY MUCH CONCERNED THAT THEY GET A CHANCE TO LIVE. . . A BETTER LIFE THAN I HAD."

THE NEXT STOP WAS THE VIMINALE PALACE FOR A ONE HOUR AND 55 MINUTE CONFERENCE ON WORLD PROBLEMS WITH ITALY'S PREMIER ANTONIO SEGNI, AND OTHER LEADERS OF THE HOST GOVERNMENT.

EISENHOWER THEN GOT A BRIEF REST BACK AT THE QUIRINAL BEFORE GOING TO A LUNCHEON GIVEN IN HIS HONOR AT THE VILLA MADAMA.



LATER IN THE AFTERNOON THE PRESIDENT, GRONCHI AND OTHER OFFICIALS OF BOTH GOVERNMENT MET AT THE QUIRINAL FOR ANOTHER CONFERENCE ON INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS.

THIS EVENING THE PRESIDENT TOOK OVER THE ROLE OF HOST TO THE ITALIANS AT A DINNER AT THE VILLA TAVERNA, THE RESIDENCE OF THE AMERICAN AMBASSADOR, JAMES D. ZELLERBACH.

TA153PES

A22

PMS BUDGET (400)

EISENHOWER-RECEPTION

BY MARVIN L. ARROWSMITH

ROME, DEC. 5 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAD A TRULY WONDERFUL TIME. THAT'S THE WAY THE PRESIDENT HIMSELF PUT IT IN EXPRESSING THANKS TO HIS HOSTS, ITALY'S PRESIDENT AND MRS. GIOVANNI GRONCHI, AFTER DINNER AND A RECEPTION IN HIS HONOR LAST NIGHT AT THE 400-YEAR-OLD QUIRINAL PALACE.

IT WAS A SWANKY AFFAIR WHICH BROUGHT OUT THE HIGH SOCIETY OF THE POLITICAL WORLD, AS WELL AS BISHOPS AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE HIERARCHY OF THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.

AT DINNER THERE WAS ONLY A SMALL GROUP WHICH INCLUDED THE PRESIDENT'S SON AND DAUGHTER-IN-LAW, ARMY MAJ. AND MRS. JOHN EISENHOWER. THEY ARE ACCOMPANYING THE PRESIDENT ON HIS GOODWILL MISSION TO 11 NATIONS IN EUROPE, ASIA AND AFRICA.

ABOUT 3,000 GUESTS WERE INVITED TO THE RECEPTION AFTER DINNER BY THE GRONCHIS AND IT'S A SAFE BET NOT MANY OF THEM MISSED IT.

FOR ABOUT 45 MINUTES EISENHOWER WANDERED THROUGH A DOZEN LAVISHLY DECORATED ROOMS OF THE ANCIENT PALACE, ONCE THE RESIDENCE OF POPES. FROM ALL SIDES THE APPLAUDING GUESTS MOVED IN ON THE PRESIDENT.

BEAMING ALL THE WHILE, EISENHOWER OCCASIONALLY SPOTTED A FAMILIAR FACE AND STOPPED TO SHAKE HANDS. OFTEN HE RETURNED THE GREETINGS OF STRANGERS.

TWO PALACE ATTENDANTS IN RED COATS AND BLUE VELVET KNEE BREECHES DID THEIR BEST TO CLEAR THE WAY FOR HIM. BUT AT TIMES THE GUESTS CLOSED IN AND THE ATTENDANTS HAD TO COME BACK AND RESCUE THE PRESIDENT.

AT HIS SIDE AS HE MADE HIS WAY WAS MRS. GRONCHI, AN ATTRACTIVE AND YOUTHFUL LOOKING WOMAN.

EISENHOWER REMARKED TO ITALY'S FIRST LADY THAT ONE OF THE GUESTS HAD MISTAKEN HER FOR HIS STRIKING DAUGHTER-IN-LAW, WHO IS 33. THE PRESIDENT CHUCKLED HEARTILY ABOUT IT. MRS. GRONCHI WAS PLAINLY PLEASED.

AT THE END OF THE RECEPTION EISENHOWER STOOD BENEATH ONE OF THE GLITTERING VENETIAN CRYSTAL CHANDELIERS, IN ONE OF THE MANY ROOMS WHERE RICH TAPESTRIES HUNG AND TOLD THE GRONCHIS:

"IT WAS A MOST ENJOYABLE EVENING. IT WAS TRULY WONDERFUL."

THE PRESIDENT, WHO HAS CHRONIC BRONCHITIS, APPEARED TO HAVE SUFFERED NO ILL EFFECTS FROM GETTING A BIT WET IN THE RAIN WHICH PELTED DOWN WHEN HE ARRIVED AT ROME AIRPORT YESTERDAY IN THE FIRST STOP OF HIS 19-DAY TOUR.

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY WAS ASKED AT A NEWS CONFERENCE ABOUT REPORTS THAT EISENHOWER HAD DEVELOPED A COLD AND HAD BEEN DOING SOME SNIFFLING.

"I ASKED THE PRESIDENT ABOUT IT AND I ASKED HIS DOCTOR, AND THERE ISN'T ANYTHING AT ALL TO IT," HAGERTY SAID.

WHEN THE MATTER CAME UP AT THE RECEPTION, THE PRESS SECRETARY SAID:

"JUST TAKE A LOOK AT HIM. THERE'S YOUR ANSWER."

VT JG342AES

A135

IKE-GIFTS

ROME, DEC. 5 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND PRESIDENT GIOVANNI GRONCHI EXCHANGED GIFTS TODAY. EISENHOWER GAVE THE ITALIAN PRESIDENT A CAMERA WHICH TURNS OUT

3024-9421

FINISHED PHOTOGRAPHS IN A MINUTE OR SO AFTER THEY ARE TAKEN, AND A DESK SET WITH PEN AND PENCIL.

GRONCHI PRESENTED EISENHOWER A 19TH CENTURY ITALIAN PAINTING OF GEORGE WASHINGTON AND LAFAYETTE, THE FRENCH GENERAL WHO FOUGHT IN THE AMERICAN REVOLUTIONARY WAR. THE PAINTING, BY GATTI ANNIVALE, WAS PERSONALLY SELECTED BY GRONCHI IN FLORENCE.

THE EXCHANGE OF GIFTS TOOK PLACE IN GRONCHI'S OFFICE AT QUIRINAL PALACE.

MM/GG1106AES

A100

(220)

ROME, DEC. 5 (AP)-ITALIAN NEWSPAPERS OF ALL POLITICAL SHADES TODAY WERE UNANIMOUS IN HAILING PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S GOODWILL MISSION.

"IKE WELCOMED WITH SYMPATHY," SAID THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER L'UNITA.

"WARM POPULAR WELCOME TO EISENHOWER," ECHOED THE LEFTIST IL PAESE.

BOTH HEADLINES REFLECTED THE NEW ATTITUDE ADOPTED BY ITALIAN COMMUNISTS, WHO ONCE RIOTED WHEN EISENHOWER VISITED ROME AS COMMANDER OF NATO.

SINCE EISENHOWER'S MEETINGS WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, ITALIAN COMMUNIST NEWSPAPERS HAVE PORTRAYED THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT AS A MAN OF PEACE WHO COULD TEACH A FEW THINGS TO ITALY'S CHRISTIAN DEMOCRAT LEADERS.

L'UNITA SAID IN A FRONT PAGE EDITORIAL THAT ITALIANS REALIZED THE COLD WAR MUST END AND THAT THERE MUST BE "COEXISTENCE BETWEEN THE SOCIALIST (COMMUNIST) COUNTRIES AND THE CAPITALIST COUNTRIES."

"PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAS THE GREAT MERIT OF HAVING UNDERSTOOD THIS NECESSITY AND OF HAVING ACTED TO MODIFY U.S. POLICY IN THIS MANNER."

ITALIAN NEWSPAPERS GAVE FRONT PAGE PLAY TO EISENHOWER'S RAIN-WASHED ARRIVAL.

"THE ROMAN PEOPLE DID NOT MISS EISENHOWER'S ARRIVAL," SAID IL QUOTIDIANO, ORGAN OF ITALY'S ROMAN CATHOLIC ACTION MOVEMENT. "THE BAD WEATHER UNDERLINED THE WARMTH AND SPONTANEITY OF THE ROMAN WELCOME. ALL COULD SEE IT. THERE WERE MANY ABSENTEES AMONG WORKERS BECAUSE TELEVISION CARRIED THE EVENT FOR ALL SPECTATORS -- NOT PERSONALLY PRESENT FOR REASONS BEYOND THEIR CONTROL . . ."

CC/RAES

A110

ROME, DEC. 5 (AP)-ITALY'S COMMUNISTS TODAY EXPLAINED THEIR CHANGED ATTITUDE TOWARD PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

WHEN HE VISITED ROME IN THE EARLY 1950'S AS NATO COMMANDER, THE REDS RIOTED AGAINST HIM. TODAY THEY WERE CHEERING HIM AS A MAN OF PEACE.

"SOME PERSONS EXPRESSED AMAZEMENT FOR OUR PRESENT ATTITUDE TOWARD THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT, REMEMBERING THE DAYS WHEN EISENHOWER'S VISIT TO ROME WAS STRONGLY OPPOSED BY OUR WORKERS," SAID L'UNITA, THE COMMUNIST ORGAN.

"THEY SAY THE CONTRADICTION IS OURS. INSTEAD, WE SAY THE CONTRADICTION--IF THERE IS ANY--RESTS WITH THEM. WHY? IN THE PAST, AN ITALIAN WORKER WAS ARRESTED FOR SPREADING PAMPHLETS AGAINST THE COLD WAR LAUNCHED BY AMERICAN LEADERS."

"TODAY THE SAME WORKER CAN PUT UP POSTERS HAILING THE MAN (EISENHOWER) WHO BROKE THE ICE BY INVITING (SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TO AMERICA."

K12AES

A75

(240)

ROME, DEC. 5 (AP)-ITALY'S COMMUNIST PARTY TODAY COMPLAINED THAT THE CITY OF ROME HAD NOT GIVEN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER A BIG ENOUGH



WELCOME.

THE REDS USED THE EISENHOWER VISIT AS A POLITICAL CLUB AGAINST AN OLD OPPONENT, MAYOR URBANO CIOCCETTI OF ROME.

ITALIAN COMMUNISTS SWITCHED FROM ATTACKING EISENHOWER AS A WARMONGER TO HAILING HIM AS A MAN OF PEACE AFTER HIS MEETING WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV.

NORMALLY THE MAYOR OF ROME DOES NOT WELCOME VISITORS AT THE AIRPORT OR RAILWAY STATION. HE USUALLY GREETES THEM AS THEIR MOTORCADE PASSES THE COLOSSEUM. THE MAYOR ALSO USUALLY ARRANGES A RECEPTION FOR VISITORS AT THE GREAT CITY HALL, DESIGNED BY MICHELANGELO.

CIOCCETTI DID NEITHER. HE WENT TO THE AIRPORT TO GREET EISENHOWER THERE. NO OTHER PROGRAM WAS ARRANGED. ITALIAN OFFICIALS SAID THIS WAS BECAUSE EISENHOWER'S VISIT WAS NOT A CEREMONIAL STATE AFFAIR.

"LOOK AT THE ATTITUDE OF THE MAYOR OF ROME," SAID THE COMMUNIST ORGAN, L'UNUTA. "(HE) HAS NOT KNOWN HOW TO HIDE HIS REAL SENTIMENTS AND HE HAS AVOIDED ALL GESTURES -- EVEN OF SIMPLE COURTESY -- WHICH MIGHT APPEAR AS AN APPROVAL OF THE SPIRIT OF CAMP DAVID (WHERE EISENHOWER AND KHRUSHCHEV MET)."

IL PAESE, A FELLOW-TRAVELING DAILY, CARRIED A CARTOON SHOWING CIOCCETTI GIVING EISENHOWER A FASCIST SALUTE.

THE COMMUNISTS HAVE MADE CIOCCETTI A CHIEF TARGET SINCE LAST JUNE WHEN HE REFUSED TO CELEBRATE THE 15TH ANNIVERSARY OF ROME'S 1944 LIBERATION FROM THE NAZIS BY ITALIAN PARTISANS AND AMERICAN TROOPS.

CIOCCETTI, A CHRISTIAN DEMOCRAT WHO DEPENDS ON FASCIST VOTES IN THE CITY COUNCIL, ARGUED THAT A CELEBRATION OF THE LIBERATION WOULD SIMPLY REOPEN OLD WOUNDS.

JG703AES

A67

IKE (130)

MOSCOW, DEC. 5 (AP)-TASS SAID TODAY SECRECY SURROUNDED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S TALKS WITH ITALIAN LEADERS IN ROME AND LITTLE INFORMATION REACHED THE PUBLIC.

IN A DISPATCH FROM ITS CORRESPONDENT IN ROME, THE OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY SAID THE ITALIAN PRESS INTIMATED THAT "A NUMBER OF QUESTIONS WERE RAISED DURING THE NEGOTIATIONS ON WHICH THERE IS NO FULL UNANIMITY BETWEEN ITALY AND THE UNITED STATES."

AMONG THESE, TASS ADDED, WERE U.S. RESERVATIONS CONCERNING TRADE POLICIES OF WEST EUROPEAN COUNTRIES. THIS WAS AN APPARENT REFERENCE TO THE COMMON MARKET, OF WHICH ITALY IS A MEMBER.

A 35-LINE DISPATCH NOTED OFFICIAL REPORTS THAT THE TALKS CENTERED ON EAST-WEST RELATIONS AND "TO QUESTIONS OF WESTERN PARTICIPATION IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF ECONOMICALLY UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES OF ASIA AND AFRICA."

K423PES

B59 Q

LONDON, DEC. 5 (AP)-EARL ATTLEE, FORMER BRITISH PRIME MINISTER, SAID ON HIS RETURN FROM THE UNITED STATES TODAY THAT A "DIRTY DOG" REPORTER LED HIM INTO CRITICISM OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

ASKED BY NEWSMEN AT LONDON AIRPORT ABOUT HIS CRITICAL REMARKS, ATTLEE SAID OF THE REPORTER:

"HE WAS JUST A DIRTY DOG. HE GOT ME TO SAY FIRST OF ALL THAT I THOUGHT THAT GENERALS DON'T MAKE GOOD PRESIDENTS. THEN HE ASKED ME WHETHER I THOUGHT IKE WAS A GREAT STRATEGIST AND THEN I SAID:

ASKED ME WHETHER I THOUGHT IKE WAS A GREAT STRATEGIST AND THEN I SAID: "NO, I DIDN'T THINK HE WAS."

ATTLEE DID NOT NAME THE REPORTER. HE HAD BEEN QUOTED IN DENVER LAST MONTH AS SAYING HE REGARDED EISENHOWER AS SOMEWHAT SECOND RATE AS A SOLDIER AND NO BETTER AS A STATESMAN. HE LATER SAID HE WAS QUOTED OUT OF CONTEXT. THAT WAS WHILE ATTLEE, 76, HEAD OF

BRITAIN'S POSTWAR LABOR GOVERNMENT, WAS ON A LECTURE TOUR IN THE UNITED STATES.

DA942AES

A130

WITH ROME

LONDON, SUNDAY, DEC. 6 (AP)-RADIO MOSCOW SAID TODAY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S TALKS WITH ITALIAN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS INCLUDED QUESTIONS "ON WHICH THE U.S.A. AND ITALY DIFFERED."

THE ENGLISH-LANGUAGE BROADCAST, BEAMED TO BRITAIN, ADDED: "POLITICAL OBSERVERS IN ROME NOTED IN PARTICULAR THAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAD SEVERAL OBJECTIONS CONCERNING WEST EUROPEAN TRADE POLICIES TOWARDS THE UNITED STATES."

JB825PES

A25

MOSCOW, DEC. 5 (AP)-SOVIET NEWSPAPERS AND RADIO ARE GIVING EXTENSIVE COVERAGE TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S VISIT TO ITALY. THEY SAID NEWSMEN IN ROME ASSUMED THAT EISENHOWER AND PRESIDENT GIOVANNI GRONCHI OF ITALY TALKED OVER GRONCHI'S FORTHCOMING VISIT TO THE SOVIET UNION.

JG346AES

AP3

BULLETIN

1959

ROME, SUNDAY, DEC. 6 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER ATTENDED CHURCH SERVICES EARLY TODAY AND IMMEDIATELY AFTERWARDS TOOK FORMAL LEAVE OF ITALIAN PRESIDENT GIOVANNI GRONCHI, HIS HOST DURING A TWO-DAY GOODWILL VISIT TO ROME.

THE SUN SHONE BRIGHTLY FOR THE FIRST TIME DURING HIS STAY AS THE PRESIDENT DROVE FROM ANCIENT QUIRINAL PALACE--HIS HOME FOR THE PAST TWO NIGHTS--TO ST. PAUL'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL AMERICAN CHURCH FOR A COMMUNION SERVICE.

THEN HE RETURNED TO QUIRINAL TO SAY GOODBYE TO GRONCHI AND OTHER ITALIAN LEADERS.

THE LEAVE-TAKING CEREMONY WAS HELD IN ONE OF THE LARGE SALONS IN THE VAST PALACE.

PRESENT BESIDES GRONCHI AND HIS WIFE, DONNA CARLA GRONCHI, WERE PREMIER ANTONIO SEGNI AND MEMBERS OF HIS CABINET AND THEIR WIVES.

AFTER FINAL HANDSHAKES, EISENHOWER, HIS SON AND DAUGHTER-IN-LAW, MAJ. JOHN AND BARBARA EISENHOWER, AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY DESCENDED INTO QUIRINAL COURTYARD.

THERE THE PRESIDENT REVIEWED THE PALACE GUARD AND THEN DROVE OUT OF THE PALACE UNDER A CLOUDLESS SKY TOWARD THE VATICAN FOR AN HISTORIC AUDIENCE WITH POPE JOHN XXIII.

AFTERWARDS HE LEAVES FOR ANKARA--THE SECOND STOP ON HIS 11-NATION GOODWILL MISSION.

THE WEATHER WAS IN MARKED CONTRAST TO THE HEAVY RAIN THAT GREETED EISENHOWER ON HIS ARRIVAL IN ROME FRIDAY.

RAIN HAD PLAGUED HIS VISIT CONSTANTLY UNTIL THIS MORNING. EISENHOWER REMAINED AT ST. PAUL'S CHURCH FOR 20 MINUTES.

SMALL GROUPS OF EARLY RISERS WALKING ALONG THE ROUTE FROM THE PALACE TO THE CHURCH WAVED AND SHOUTED GREETINGS TO THE PRESIDENT AS HE PASSED. A CROWD OF ABOUT 100 GREETED HIM AT THE CHURCH.

EISENHOWER SHOOK HANDS WITH THE RECTOR, THE REV. GERARDUS BEEKMAN, AS HE ENTERED WITH HIS SON AND AIDE, MAJ. JOHN EISENHOWER, AND HIS DAUGHTER-IN-LAW, BARBARA.

THE PRESIDENT, WHO APPEARED WELL RESTED, WORE A DARK SUIT, A DARK BLUE OVERCOAT AND A BLACK HAT.

THE PRESIDENT REMAINED INSIDE ABOUT 20 MINUTES. HE JOINED A CONGREGATION OF ABOUT 350, MOSTLY AMERICANS, IN OFFERING PRAYERS AND HEARING A RECITAL OF THE NICENE CREED.

HE SAT IN THE FIFTH ROW WITH HIS SON AND DAUGHTER-IN-LAW, AND COL. VERNON WALTERS. HIS INTERPRETER. AND TWO OTHER AIDES.



THE CHURCH IS ONE OF THE FEW PROTESTANT CHURCHES IN ROME AND DESPITE THE AMERICAN DESIGNATION IN ITS NAME, PROTESTANTS OF OTHER NATIONALITIES ATTEND ITS SERVICES. ST. PAUL'S CELEBRATED ITS 100TH ANNIVERSARY ON THANKSGIVING DAY, TRACING ITS ORIGIN TO THE ORGANIZATION OF AN AMERICAN EPISCOPAL CONGREGATION IN ROME IN NOVEMBER, 1859.

IN THE CHURCH'S EARLY YEARS, WHEN ROME WAS UNDER THE TEMPORAL RULE OF THE POPES, THERE WERE FREQUENT LAPSES IN SERVICES. IN THE 1860'S, THE CHURCH WAS NAMED THE GRACE CHURCH. IT WAS UNDER THE PROTECTION OF THE U.S. LEGATION AT THE TIME AND ON ONE OCCASION, ITALIAN AUTHORITIES RULED THAT SERVICES WOULD HAVE TO BE HELD EITHER INSIDE THE LEGATION BUILDING OR OUTSIDE THE CITY WALLS. THE CONGREGATION DECIDED TO RENT A COTTAGE OUTSIDE ROME FOR ITS SERVICES. WITH THE UNIFICATION OF ITALY UNDER A MONARCHY IN 1870, THE CHURCH ONCE MORE WAS PERMITTED TO HOLD SERVICES AND ITS NAME WAS CHANGED TO ST. PAUL'S. BECAUSE OF THE BEAUTY OF THE CHURCH, WITH ITS SPECTACULAR MOSAICS AND TILED INTERIOR WALLS, IT HAS BEEN DESIGNATED AN ITALIAN NATIONAL MONUMENT.

THE RECTOR'S DAUGHTER, 11-YEAR-OLD SABINA BEEKMAN, DECKED OUT IN A BRIGHT SCARLET COAT AND TRIM WHITE HAT, SAT BEHIND THE PRESIDENT. SABINA HAD BEEN EXCITEDLY TELLING FRIENDS AT AN AMERICAN SCHOOL LAST WEEK THAT SHE WAS TO SIT NEAR THE PRESIDENT DURING THE SERVICES. THE PRESIDENT HEARD A REGULAR EPISCOPAL SERVICE, INCLUDING A READING FROM ST. PAUL'S EPISTLE TO THE ROMANS AND A RECITAL OF THE NICENE CREED. AT EISENHOWER'S REQUEST THERE WAS NO SERMON, THE RECTOR SAID LATER.

THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY ROSE AND LEFT THE CHURCH JUST AS THE CONGREGATION WAS BEGINNING THE HYMN, "AMERICA." THE GROUP RETURNED IMMEDIATELY TO QUIRINAL PALACE.

VS325AES

VATICAN CITY, DEC. 5 (AP)-POPE JOHN XXIII WAS REPORTED IN GOOD HEALTH TODAY DESPITE A COLD WHICH HAS PERSISTED FOR A WEEK AND THE VATICAN WENT AHEAD WITH PREPARATIONS FOR PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S HISTORIC AUDIENCE TOMORROW.

A-124

ALTHOUGH THE 78-YEAR-OLD POPE POSTPONED TO JAN. 6 A LENGTHY RELIGIOUS CEREMONY SCHEDULED TODAY IN THE OFTEN DRAFTY HALL OF BENEDICTIONS, HE KEPT HIS OTHER APPOINTMENTS. REPORTERS WHO SAW HIM SAID HE WAS SMILING AND LOOKED WELL. THE POPE'S PHYSICIAN, DR. FILIPPO ROCCHI, SAID THE PONTIFF WAS IN GOOD CONDITION, WITH NO FEVER BUT A LINGERING HOARSENESS.

THE VATICAN NEWSPAPER, L'OSSERVATORE ROMANO, SALUTED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TODAY IN A FRONTPAGE EDITORIAL BY THE PAPER'S DIRECTOR COUNT GIUSEPPE DELLA TORRE, WHICH SAID:

"TODAY, WHEN THERE IS NO WAR BUT THERE IS NOT PEACE, THE INSPIRATIONS, DESIRES AND WISHES OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ARE THE SAME AS WHEN PRESIDENT (WOODROW) WILSON PAID A CALL ON POPE BENEDICT

30.24-9423

XV ON JAN. 4, 1919. "AND THEIR ASPIRATIONS ARE THE SAME PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ENUMERATED IN HIS 1939 CHRISTMAS LETTER TO POPE PIUS XII.

"THE COMMON GOAL OF PEACE NEEDS THE COOPERATION OF ALL MEN, BOTH OF RELIGION AND GOVERNMENT. "THE VISIT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IS PAYING HERE IS CLEAR IN ITS MORAL SIGNIFICANCE..."

MM1015AES

A111

(270)

BY ALLYN MOSS

VATICAN CITY, DEC. 5 (AP)-MAJ. JOHN EISENHOWER AND HIS WIFE, BARBARA, BEHAVED TODAY LIKE TOURISTS IN ROME.

THEY WANTED TO GO SIGHTSEEING. RAIN KEPT THEM FROM SUCH OUTDOOR MONUMENTS AS THE COLOSSEUM AND THE ROMAN FORUM, BUT THEY WENT TO THE VATICAN MUSEUM AND THE GREAT BASILICA OF ST. PETER.

THE TWO VISITED THE FAMED RAPHAEL ROOMS AND THE SISTINE CHAPEL WHILE THE MAJOR'S FATHER, PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, WAS CONFERRING WITH ITALIAN PREMIER ANTONIO SEGNI.

BARBARA WORE A RED WOOL COAT. SHE KEPT IT ON AGAINST THE DAMP CHILL OF THE MUSEUM ROOMS AND THE BASILICA.

MAJ. EISENHOWER WORE A DARK BROWN CIVILIAN SUIT.

THEY ARRIVED AT THE VATICAN WITHOUT ADVANCE NOTICE. AN ITALIAN GOVERNMENT PROTOCOL OFFICIAL AND A MEMBER OF THE U.S. EMBASSY STAFF WERE WITH THEM.

TOURISTS IN THE MUSEUM WERE LARGELY UNAWARE THAT THE GROUP OF FOUR INCLUDED THE SON AND DAUGHTER-IN-LAW OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

A MUSEUM GUARD WAS ASKED IF HE KNEW WHO HAD JUST VISITED THE MUSEUM. HE DIDN'T.

BUT A FEW PERSONS APPROACHED THE COUPLE, WHO SMILED AND ASSURED WELL WISHERS: "WE ARE JUST ENJOYING OURSELVES."

THEY SPENT CONSIDERABLE TIME IN THE MUSEUM'S FOUR RAPHAEL ROOMS. THESE ROOMS WERE DECORATED BY THE GREAT ARTIST AND HIS PUPILS JUST BEFORE HIS DEATH IN THE EARLY 16TH CENTURY. THE WALL PAINTINGS ARE CONSIDERED MASTERPIECES OF ITALIAN ART.

FROM THE RAPHAEL ROOMS THE EISENHOWERS ENTERED THE SISTINE CHAPEL, WITH ITS CELEBRATED FRESCOS BY MICHELANGELO.

IT WAS IN THE SISTINE CHAPEL THAT THE CARDINALS OF THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH ELECTED POPE JOHN XXIII JUST OVER A YEAR AGO.

TOMORROW THE POPE WILL RECEIVE THE EISENHOWERS.

K917AFG

A64

IKE-TURKEY

(250)

BY WEBB MCKINLEY

ANKARA, TURKEY, DEC. 5 (AP)-ONE OF THE GUADIEST WELCOMES IN TURKEY'S LONG HISTORY AWAITS PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IN ANKARA.

MORE THAN 300,000 TURKS WERE REPORTED PREPARING TO LINE THE 20-MILE ROUTE FROM ESENBOGA AIRPORT TO THE CENTER OF THIS CAPITAL TO SEE THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

FLAGS BY THE THOUSAND, SIGNS BY THE HUNDRED THOUSAND, DANCING GROUPS AND BANDS WERE READIED FOR THE BIG VISIT--FIRST EVER BY AN AMERICAN PRESIDENT TO THIS COUNTRY.

WORKMEN WHO HAD LABORED FOR TWO WEEKS GETTING THE CITY PERKED UP WENT ON A 'ROUND-THE-CLOCK SCHEDULE TO GET THINGS DONE. TRIMMED IN RED, WHITE AND BLUE, TWELVE TRIUMPHAL ARCHES WAIT ALONG EISEN-



HOWER'S ROUTE BEARING SLOGANS LIKE THESE: "TAKE OUR LOVE BACK, IKE," "FAR BUT YET VERY NEAR," "TURKS ARE FRIENDS INDEED, IKE." SOME HINTED WHAT TURKISH PRESIDENT CELAL BAYAR AND PREMIER ADNAN MENDERES WANT TO DISCUSS IN THEIR TALKS WITH THE PRESIDENT. "PEACE WITHOUT SECURITY IS NO PEACE," "LET US WORK FOR PEACE BUT LET US BE VIGILANT," "PEACE, YES; CONCESSIONS, NO."

IN OTHER WORDS, THE TURKS WERE GETTING READY TO REPEAT THEIR VIEW THAT ANY WAVERING ON THE PART OF THE WEST WOULD BE DISASTROUS. THEY EXPECT NO ARGUMENT WITH EISENHOWER ON THIS SCORE.

MOST OF THE PRESIDENT'S 17 HOURS IN ANKARA, HOWEVER, WILL BE TAKEN UP WITH FORMALITIES AND AN OVERNIGHT SLEEP. FORMAL ACTIVITIES WILL INCLUDE LAYING A WREATH ON THE MAUSOLEUM OF KEMAL ATATURK, FOUNDER OF THE TURKISH REPUBLIC; RECEIVING AN HONORARY DEGREE FROM ANKARA UNIVERSITY AND ATTENDING A DINNER GIVEN BY PRESIDENT BAYAR.

EVERYTHING SEEMS TO BE IN HAND--EXCEPT THE WEATHER. THE FORECAST FOR SUNDAY IS FOR YET MORE OF THE RAIN THAT HAS PLAGUED EISENHOWER SINCE HIS ARRIVAL IN ITALY: PARTLY CLOUDY WITH OCCASIONAL LIGHT SHOWERS AND MILD TEMPERATURES.

K409PES

A109 (450)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR SATURDAY PMS DEC. 5

BY WEBB MCKINLEY

(ADVANCE)...ANKARA, TURKEY, DEC. 5 (AP)--TURKEY ANTICIPATES THE VISIT OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WITH AN EXCITEMENT UNUSUAL FOR THIS SILENT AND OFTEN ALOOF LAND.

SIGNS ARE POPPING UP IN STRANGE PLACES--"TURKS LIKE IKE TOO."

IN PEASANT VILLAGES ALMOST LOST ON THE DESOLATE PLATEAU OF ASIA MINOR, IN SOPHISTICATED, CYNICAL ISTANBUL, EVIDENCE OF INTEREST RUNS HIGHS.

"OUR PEOPLE SEEM TO HAVE A TREMENDOUS PERSONAL FEELING ABOUT YOUR PRESIDENT," A HIGH RANKING TURKISH OFFICIAL SAID. "WE HAVE HAD APPLICATIONS FROM ALL PARTS OF TURKEY TO COME HERE TO SEE HIM. THOUSANDS OF THEM. IT'S AMAZING."

DURING HIS 17 HOUR VISIT TOMORROW AND MONDAY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL SEE ONLY THE CAPITAL OF THIS NATO ALLY OF 25 MILLION PEOPLE, LARGER IN AREA THAN TEXAS AND AS CONTRASTING AS MONTANA AND FLORIDA.

HE WILL NOT SEE THE TEEMING CROSSROADS OF ISTANBUL, THE RIVIERA OF TURKEY'S SOUTH COAST, THE BLEAK MOUNTAINS WHERE TURKISH SOLDIERS STAND GUARD ALONG THE SOVIET BORDER.

BUT IN ANKARA HE WILL SEE A CAPITAL THAT REFLECTS TURKEY ITSELF--AMBITIOUS, UNFINISHED, HARDY AND POOR, BORN IN THE EAST AND STRIVING TOWARD THE WEST.

LITTLE MORE THAN A THIRD OF A CENTURY AGO ANKARA WAS A BARREN SMALL TOWN OF GREAT ANTIQUITY BUILT ON A PICTURESQUE HILL. BENEATH ITS EARTH LAY THE NEGLECTED EVIDENCE OF HISTORY, THE RUINS OF THE ROMAN CITADEL ANCYRA. LIKE MOST OF TURKEY IT WAS TURNED INWARD, LIVING IN THE PAST.

THE GREAT KEMAL ATATURK AWAKENED THE DEFEATED NATION AFTER WORLD WAR I, TURNED IT INTO A REPUBLIC AND MADE ANKARA ITS CAPITAL. NOW IT IS A HASTILY BUILT, RAW CITY OF HALF-A-MILLION PEOPLE, WITH TREES, BOULEVARDS, MULTI-STORIED BUILDINGS AND SMOG.

IT HAS HOTELS WITH SOMEWHAT MODERN PLUMBING AND NIGHTCLUBS WHERE WEALTHY PATRONS DO THE CHA CHA CHA.

BUT UP NEAR THE OLD CITADEL THE HUTS REMAIN, MUEZZINS CALL TO PRAYER, AND WOMEN MEANDER ALONG MUD STREETS WEARING RAIMENT OF TIMES PAST.

TURKEY IS TOO LARGE AND RURAL A COUNTRY TO BE DEFINED BY A CITY, BUT ANKARA DOES IT BETTER THAN ANY OTHER.

HERE EISENHOWER WILL BE GREETED BY LEADERS HE ALREADY HAS MET, PRESIDENT CELAL BAYAR, PREMIER ADNAN MENDERES AND FOREIGN MINISTER FATIH RUSHTU ZORLU. LIKE VIRTUALLY ALL TURKS IN PUBLIC LIFE, THESE MEN HAVE THROWN THEIR SUPPORT BEHIND WESTERN AND AMERICAN

POLICY. THERE ARE NO STRONGER ADVOCATES THAN THEY OF THE ATLANTIC PACT AND SUCH REGIONAL DEFENSE GROUPS AS THE CENTRAL TREATY ORGANIZATION (CENTO). THEY HAVE AN ABIDING DISTRUST OF WHAT THEY CALL SOVIET IMPERIALISM.

DESPITE THE MODERNIZING EFFORTS OF ATATURK, HIS SUCCESSOR ISMET INONU AND BAYAR AND MENDERES, TURKEY STILL IS AN UNDERDEVELOPED, POOR COUNTRY. IT IS DEEPLY IN DEBT AND IN CONTINUING WANT OF AMERICAN AND ALLIED AID.

SINCE COMING TO POWER IN 1950 MENDERES HAS RUSHED AHEAD WITH PROJECTS FOR DAMS, ROADS, FACTORIES AND CITY IMPROVEMENTS. CRITICS SAY HE HAS TRIED TO DO TOO MUCH TOO FAST. HE FACES STRONG OPPOSITION WHICH APPEARS TO THRIVE ON ATTEMPTS TO SILENCE IT.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, ALREADY WELL AWARE OF THESE PROBLEMS, WILL HAVE LITTLE TIME TO DISCUSS THEM HERE. HIS VISIT MAY HAVE IMPORTANCE HOWEVER, FOR LESS TANGIBLE ASPECTS OF TURKISH-AMERICAN RELATIONS.

IT WILL BE A VISIT OF HEART, AS WELL AS STATE.

END ADVANCE FOR SATURDAY PMS DEC. 5 -- MOVED DEC. 2.  
KS/RP936AES

A152

(450)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR SUNDAY AMS DEC. 6  
PERSONALITY IN THE NEWS--MENDERES

BY WEBB MCKINLEY

(ADVANCE) ANKARA, DEC. 5 (AP)--TURKEY'S PREMIER ADNAN MENDERES IS TURKEY'S MAN IN A HURRY. SINCE HE CAME TO POWER IN A BIG ELECTION UPSET IN 1950, HE HAS TRIED WITH SOMETIMES FEVERISH HASTE TO SPEED HIS COUNTRY TOWARDS MODERNIZATION.

AN ANECDOTE TOLD IN ANKARA ILLUSTRATES HIS DRIVE AND HIS ONE-MAN APPROACH TO DETAILS OF STATE.

AFTER MIDNIGHT RECENTLY A CRUISING TAXI WAS HAILED ON A QUIET RESIDENTIAL STREET. THE PASSENGER TOLD THE DRIVER TO TAKE HIM INTO THE OUTLYING SECTIONS OF ANKARA, WHERE MEN WERE WORKING AROUND THE CLOCK BUILDING AND WIDENING ROADS.

"LOOK HERE", THE PASSENGER TOLD THE DRIVER, "AT ALL THAT'S BEEN DONE. PEOPLE DON'T UNDERSTAND ALL THAT I AM DOING."

THE PASSENGER WAS MENDERES. IT WAS CLOSE TO 5 A.M. WHEN THE DRIVER TOOK HIM BACK TO HIS HOME AFTER A 4 1/2 HOUR INSPECTION OF ANKARA'S STREET IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM. A FEW HOURS LATER MENDERES WAS OFF ON ANOTHER INSPECTION TOUR, THIS TIME OF VILLAGES NEAR ANKARA IN THE COMPANY OF ANKARA'S GOVERNOR.

THIS AWESOME ENERGY HAS CARRIED MENDERES IN A RELATIVELY SHORT TIME FROM THE ROLE OF A GENTLEMAN FARMER TO THAT OF PRIME MINISTER OF A KEY AMERICAN ALLY.

BORN IN AYDIN IN SOUTHWESTERN TURKEY IN 1899, SCION OF A LAND OWNER'S FAMILY, HE ATTENDED SCHOOL AT THE AMERICAN COLLEGE IN IZMIR. THERE HE LEARNED THE ENGLISH HE SPEAKS WITH CAREFUL PRECISION. LATER HE WAS GRADUATED FROM THE FACULTY OF LAW AT THE UNIVERSITY OF ANKARA.

MENDERES FIRST WAS KNOWN AS A PROGRESSIVE FARMER WHO USED TO SUPERVISE HIS LANDS WITH THE PERSONAL ATTENTION TO DETAIL HE NOW TRIES TO GIVE TO GOVERNMENT.

HE HAS BEEN IN PARLIAMENT SINCE 1931.

WITH CELAL BAYAR, NOW TURKEY'S PRESIDENT, AND TWO OTHER DEPUTIES MENDERES HELPED FORM THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY. THE NEW PARTY FAILED IN 1946 TO UNSEAT THE PEOPLES REPUBLICANS UNDER ISMET INONU, HEIRS TO THE ONE-PARTY SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT REMAINING FROM THE DAYS OF THE GREAT KEMAL ATATURK.

BUT IN 1950 AFTER A TIRELESS CAMPAIGN, THE DEMOCRATS CAME TO POWER IN WHAT WAS MODERN TURKEY'S FIRST TRULY DEMOCRATIC ELECTION. MENDERES' PLATFORM CALLED FOR ALLOWING FREE PRIVATE ENTERPRISE AND GREATER PERSONAL FREEDOM.

HIS RECORD SINCE THEN HAS BEEN DYNAMIC--AND CONTROVERSIAL. BY VAST AMERICAN AID HIS GOVERNMENT HAS BUILT DAMS, HIGHWAYS AND FACTORIES



THAT HAVE GREATLY INCREASED TURKEY'S PRODUCTIVE CAPACITY. BUT THE COUNTRY FELL INTO AN ECONOMIC CRISIS OF SUCH PROPORTIONS THAT IN 1958 THE WESTERN ALLIES AGAIN HAD TO SUPPLY MORE LONGTERM LOANS AND A PLAN TO STABILIZE THE FAILING ECONOMY.

DURING THE SAME PERIOD THE POLITICAL HONEYMOON THAT CHARACTERIZED MENDERES' FIRST DAYS IN OFFICE ENDED. HIS POLITICAL FOES ACCUSED THE PRIME MINISTER OF GOING BACK ON HIS EARLY PROMISES. NEWSPAPERS WHICH HAD ALMOST UNANIMOUSLY SUPPORTED HIM TURNED AGAINST HIM AFTER THE MENDERES GOVERNMENT CLAMPED STRICT RESTRICTIONS ON THE PRESS AND ARRESTED JOURNALISTS WHO OFFENDED IT.

DESPITE HIS BATTLES AT HOME, MENDERES NEVER HAS SWERVED FROM HIS POLICIES ABROAD. HE REMAINS ONE OF THE STRONGEST ADVOCATES OF THE ATLANTIC PACT. HE HELPED FORM THE BAGHDAD PACT (NOW CENTO) AS A BULWARK AGAINST COMMUNIST INROADS IN THE MIDEAST.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TOMORROW WILL FIND MENDERES AND HIS NATION FIRM, IF TROUBLED, ALLIES.

END ADVANCE FOR SUNDAY AMS DEC. 6--MOVED DEC. 4

JG1230PES

A125

(480)

AP FOREIGN ADVANCE FOR SATURDAY ITS DEC. 5

BY HENRY S. BRADSHAW

(ADVANCE) KARACHI, PAKISTAN, DEC. 5 (AP)--THE PEOPLE OF KARACHI WILL LINE UP ALONG A 10-MILE ROAD FROM THE AIRPORT TO DOWNTOWN KARACHI TO GREET PRESIDENT EISENHOWER MONDAY.

THIS NATION IS DIVIDED INTO TWO VASTLY DIFFERENT PARTS. ONE SIDE, INCLUDING KARACHI, IS LARGELY DESERT. EAST PAKISTAN, 900 MILES AWAY ACROSS A WEDGE OF INDIA, IS AN AREA OF RICE PADDIES WETTED BY MONSOONS.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL SPEND A DAY AND A HALF IN KARACHI, AN OVERCROWDED CITY BETWEEN THE DESERT AND THE ARABIAN SEA. MOST OF PAKISTAN'S GOVERNMENT IS STILL HERE, ALTHOUGH THE CAPITAL WAS RECENTLY SHIFTED 700 MILES INLAND TO RAWALPINDI.

EISENHOWER ALSO WILL FLY ACROSS FERTILE IRRIGATION PROJECTS AND THE STONILY BARREN MOUNTAINS OF WEST PAKISTAN, BETWEEN AFGHANISTAN ON ONE SIDE AND INDIA ON THE OTHER.

SLIGHTLY LESS THAN HALF PAKISTAN'S 85 MILLION PEOPLE LIVE IN THE NATION'S WESTERN PART, WHICH AT 310,236 SQUARE MILES IS THE SIZE OF TEXAS AND LOUISIANA COMBINED. EAST PAKISTAN, 54,501 SQUARE MILES, IS ABOUT THE SIZE OF MICHIGAN.

MOST OF THE WEST PAKISTANIS SPEAK URDU, A LANGUAGE BASED ON ARABIC AND SANSKRIT. THE CAMEL IS A MAJOR MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION HERE. WATER IS SCARCE. EAST PAKISTANIS SPEAK BENGALI. ENGLISH IS THE MAIN LANGUAGE FOR COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE TWO SECTIONS.

THE TWO SIDES OF THIS DIVERSE NATION HAVE COMMON PROBLEMS. ONE IS POVERTY. CITIES HAVE SQUALID SLUMS DESPITE RECENT EFFORTS TO PROVIDE DECENT HOUSING. IN RURAL AREAS OF EAST PAKISTAN, THE PRESSURE OF A RAPIDLY RISING POPULATION HAS INCREASED HUNGER.

THE TWO SECTIONS ALSO SHARE AN EDUCATIONAL PROBLEM. THE GOVERNMENT ESTIMATES LITERACY AT 18 PER CENT. THE LOW LITERACY RATE AND SHORTAGE OF RADIOS PUT MOST PEOPLE OUT OF DIRECT TOUCH WITH THE GOVERNMENT.

THE MOST IMPORTANT LINK BETWEEN THE TWO WINGS IS THE MOSLEM RELIGION. UNDER THE LEADERSHIP OF MOHAMMED ALI JINNAH, THE MOSLEMS WON A SEPARATE STATE WHEN FREEDOM CAME TO THE INDIAN SUBCONTINENT IN 1947. CONTINUING DISPUTES WITH INDIA OVER KASHMIR AND OTHER ISSUES LEFT A BITTER LEGACY THAT IS ONLY BEGINNING TO DISAPPEAR.

JINNAH DIED IN 1948 AND HIS TOP AIDE, PRIME MINISTER LIAQUAT ALI KHAN WAS ASSASSINATED IN 1951. PAKISTAN BEGAN TO SLIDE INTO CORRUPTION. POLITICIANS WITHOUT A POPULAR MANDATE KEPT PUTTING OFF ELECTIONS. THE ECONOMY WAS STAGNANT.

IN OCTOBER 1958 THE ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF, MOHAMMED AYUB KHAN, STEPPED IN. THE BRITISH-TRAINED GENERAL, NOW A FIELD MARSHAL, HAD A REPUTATION FOR DISCIPLINE, HARD WORK AND HONESTY. HE IS NOW TRYING TO TRAIN

30.24-9425

PAKISTAN IN THESE VIRTUES.

ALTHOUGH AYUB KHAN GOVERNS UNDER A HARSH LOOKING SET OF LAWS, HIS REGIME HAD BEEN MILD COMPARED TO MOST DICTATORS. IT HAS PRODUCED RESULTS IN OFFICIAL HONESTY, CLEAN CITIES AND AN IMPROVED ECONOMIC SITUATION.

AYUB KHAN IS MOVING TOWARD REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT. VILLAGE COUNCILS WILL BE ELECTED ABOUT CHRISTMAS TIME AND THE COUNCILS MIGHT BE USED TO ELECT AN INTERIM PRESIDENT --DOUBTLESSLY AYUB KHAN--UNTIL A CONSTITUTION IS DRAWN UP.

IN A PART OF THE WORLD NOTED FOR NEUTRALISM, AYUB KHAN THINKS IN TERMS OF MILITARY POSITIONS AND IS A FIRM AMERICAN ALLY. IN BOTH CENTRAL TREATY AND SOUTHEAST ASIA TREATY ORGANIZATIONS HIS COUNTRY PLAYS AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN WESTERN DEFENSE PLANNING.

BUT AYUB KHAN HAS WORRIES OF HIS OWN. THE RUSSIANS ARE BUILDING ROADS DOWN THROUGH THE BUFFER NATION OF AFGHANISTAN. THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS ARE BUILDING ROADS THROUGH WESTERN TIBET NEAR DISPUTED KASHMIR. AYUB KHAN SAYS PAKISTAN WILL BE UNDER MILITARY THREAT WITHIN FIVE YEARS.

THIS AND THE FOREIGN AID WITHOUT WHICH PAKISTAN CANNOT CONTINUE ITS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS ARE LIKELY TO BE ON AYUB KHAN'S MIND WHEN EISENHOWER FLIES IN FROM ANKARA MONDAY.

END ADVANCE FOR SATURDAY PMS DEC. 5--MOVED DEC. 3  
HL1021AES

A175

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, DEC. 6

(580)

BY WATSON SIMS

(ADVANCE)...NEW DELHI, INDIA, DEC. 5 (AP)--WITHIN 12 HOURS NEXT WEEK PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL BE IN CAPITALS OF THREE NATIONS WHICH BETWEEN THEM ACCOUNT FOR 500 MILLION PEOPLE--NEARLY A FIFTH OF THE WORLD'S POPULATION.

WEDNESDAY MORNING THE PRESIDENT WILL END HIS VISIT TO THE MILITARY DICTATORSHIP OF PAKISTAN. BY NOON HE WILL HAVE LANDED IN THE HEREDITARY MOSLEM MONARCHY OF AFGHANISTAN. AND WELL BEFORE DARK HE WILL BE IN THE STRUGGLING, IMPOVERISHED GIANT THAT IS INDIA.

EACH NATION PLAYS A HIGHLY INDIVIDUALISTIC PART IN A SUBCONTINENT WHICH FORMS A WORLD OF ITS OWN, SOMEWHERE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST.

PAKISTAN IS AN OUTRIGHT ALLY OF THE WEST. AFGHANISTAN AND INDIA TAKE AID FROM BOTH EAST AND WEST. AFGHANISTAN GETS MOST OF ITS HELP FROM SOVIET RUSSIA; INDIA GETS MOST FROM AMERICA.

POVERTY, IGNORANCE AND AWAKENING ASPIRATIONS FORM A COMMON DENOMINATOR FOR ALL THREE NATIONS. INDIA, WITH A PER CAPITA INCOME OF \$61 AND 18 PER CENT LITERACY, IS THE BEST FED AND BEST READ OF THE THREE. BUT EVEN IN INDIA, THE TOTAL CIRCULATION OF ALL NEWSPAPERS, SERVING 400 MILLION PERSONS, IS ONLY 14 1/2 MILLION.

SUCH MASSIVE ILLITERACY PROVIDES LITTLE UNDERSTANDING FOR THE AVERAGE INDIAN, PAKISTANI OR AFGHANI OF WHAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER STANDS FOR OR EVEN WHO HE IS. THE PEASANT WHO THROWS FLOWERS AND SHOUTS "EISENHOWER ZINDABAD" (LONG LIVE EISENHOWER) WILL KNOW LITTLE OTHER THAN THAT HE IS HONORING A "BURRA SAHIB" (VERY IMPORTANT MAN).

TO THE PEOPLE WHO DO KNOW, THIS FIRST VISIT OF AN AMERICAN PRESIDENT TO THE SUBCONTINENT WILL BE AN EVENT OF TREMENDOUS IMPORTANCE. THIS IS PARTICULARLY TRUE FOR INDIA, WHERE THE NONALIGNED POLICIES OF PRIME MINISTER NEHRU ARE UNDER HEAVY STRAIN.

IN TWELVE YEARS OF INDEPENDENCE, INDIA, UNDER NEHRU'S FIRM GUIDANCE, HAS LEANED BACKWARD TO AVOID INVOLVEMENT IN THE COLD WAR. IT WAS A POLICY BASED ON GEOGRAPHY, PHILOSOPHY AND ECONOMICS.

GEOGRAPHICALLY, INDIA IS FAR FROM THE WESTERN ALLIES AND NEAR TO COMMUNIST CHINA AND SOVIET RUSSIA. PHILOSOPHICALLY, NEHRU SEES INDIA



AS A MIDDLE GROUND AND PERHAPS A MEDIATOR IN A DIVIDED WORLD WHICH HE BELIEVES MUST EVENTUALLY COME TOGETHER. AND ECONOMICALLY, NEHRU WISHES TO SPEND INDIA'S PITIFULLY SMALL FUNDS BUILDING UP THE NATION'S ECONOMY RATHER THAN ERECTING DEFENSES AGAINST EITHER EAST OR WEST.

ALTHOUGH OCCASIONALLY CRITICIZED BY BOTH EAST AND WEST, NEHRU MANAGED TO GET ALONG WITH BOTH SIDES UNTIL THIS YEAR. THEN COMMUNIST CHINA STRUCK ACROSS THE INDIAN BORDER AT FOUR PLACES, SEIZED SEVERAL THOUSAND SQUARE MILES OF INDIAN TERRITORY AND CLAIMED MORE THAN 30,000 SQUARE MILES IN ADDITION. A DOZEN INDIANS WERE KILLED AND AS MANY CAPTURED.

THE INCIDENTS OUTRAGED AND ALARMED INDIA. THE NATION'S ABILITY TO DEFEND ALL ITS BORDERS WAS CAST INTO DOUBT, AND SOME INDIANS WANTED ASSURANCE THAT FOREIGN ASSISTANCE WOULD BE GIVEN IF THE AGGRESSION CONTINUED. NEHRU SAID THERE WOULD BE NO MILITARY TREATIES AND NO GOING BACK ON NONALIGNMENT. BUT IT WAS CLEAR HE FELT THE WEST WOULD COME TO INDIA'S AID IF SHE FELL UNDER FULL COMMUNIST ATTACK.

THIS IS AN EXPECTATION VOICED BY MANY LITERATE INDIANS. BUT WHERE SOME WANTED FORMAL ASSURANCE, NEHRU CLEARLY WISHED FOR THE UNDERSTANDING TO REMAIN UNSPOKEN. THERE IS NO DOUBT, HOWEVER, THAT IT WILL BE REINFORCED BY THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT.

SOME OF THE SAME CONCERN WILL BE FOUND BY THE PRESIDENT IN PAKISTAN. COMMUNIST CHINA CLAIMS SOME TERRITORY HELD BY PAKISTAN, ALTHOUGH SHE HAS NOT SO FAR TRIED TO SEIZE IT BY FORCE. PRESIDENT MOHAMMAD AYUB KHAN, WHO LIKE EISENHOWER WAS A SOLIDER BY PROFESSION, IT ALSO WORRIED ABOUT RELATIONS WITH SOVIET RUSSIA AND AFGHANISTAN.

MOSCOW HAS OFTEN ADDRESSED HOT WORDS TO KARACHI BECAUSE OF PAKISTAN'S MEMBERSHIP IN THE CENTO ORGANIZATION, FORMERLY THE BAGHDAD PACT. AFGHANISTAN HAS LONG QUARRELED WITH KARACHI OVER THE ASPIRATIONS OF THE PUSHTU TRIBESMEN, WHO WANT AN INDEPENDENT STATE IN THE NORTHWEST SECTION OF PAKISTAN BORDERING AFGHANISTAN. SOVIET RUSSIA'S BIG ROADBUILDING AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS IN AFGHANISTAN HAVE DONE NOTHING TO EASE KARACHI'S WORRY ON EITHER SCORE.

ONE CHEERFUL NOTE IN KARACHI WILL BE A NEW ATTITUDE OF FRIENDLINESS BETWEEN INDIA AND PAKISTAN. PRIOR TO AYUB KHAN'S ASSUMPTION OF POWER LAST OCTOBER, MANY PAKISTANIS WERE BITTER TOWARD THEIR AMERICAN ALLY. THEY FELT PAKISTAN HAD RECEIVED LITTLE MORE FOR OUTRIGHT ALLEGIANCE TO THE WEST THAN INDIA HAD RECEIVED FOR NEUTRALITY. THIS ATTITUDE IS LESSENING IN THE FACE OF AYUB KHAN'S DETERMINED ATTEMPT TO IMPROVE RELATIONS WITH INDIA UNDER THE THREAT FROM COMMUNIST CHINA COMMON TO BOTH NATIONS.

IN AFGHANISTAN, KING ZAHIR SHAH AND HIS FIRST COUSIN, PRIME MINISTER MOHAMMAD DAUD, ARE LIKELY TO CONCENTRATE ON ECONOMIC MATTERS IN THEIR TALKS WITH THE PRESIDENT. THE COUNTRY'S MILITARY ASSISTANCE HAS COME LARGELY FROM THE RUSSIANS, WHO EQUIPPED ITS 50,000 MAN ARMY AND BUILT MANY INSTALLATIONS, INCLUDING THE AIRPORT WHERE PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S HUGE JET TRANSPORT WILL LAND.

END ADVANCE FOR SUNDAY AMS DEC. 6--MOVED NOV. 29

FV1043PES

B54 (Q)

NEW DELHI, INDIA, DEC. 5 (AP)--A FESTIVAL OF LIGHTS WILL WELCOME PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TO INDIA ON WEDNESDAY.

THE CAPITAL WILL BE DRESSED FOR <sup>DIWALI</sup> ~~WEDNESDAY~~, THE BRIGHTEST AND MOST SPRIGHTLY OF HINDU FESTIVALS.

DIWALI IS A RELIGIOUS CELEBRATION OF THE TRIUMPH OF GOOD OVER EVIL, OF LIGHT OVER DARKNESS. IT MARKS THE RETURN OF AN INCARNATION

<sup>VISHNU</sup> <sup>PROTECTOR</sup>  
OF ~~VISHNU~~, THE ~~PROTECTOR~~ IN THE HINDU TRINITY, FROM 14 YEARS IN THE WILDERNESS AFTER CONQUERING DEMONS.

THE FESTIVAL ALSO MARKS THE END OF HARVEST. LIKE CHRISTMAS IN THE WESTERN WORLD, IT IS A TIME FOR BUYING PRESENTS AND NEW PERSONAL ITEMS FOR ONESELF.

DINALI COMES AT NEW MOON TIM IN OCTOB

DINALI COMES AT NEW MOON TIME IN OCTOBER. THIS YEAR NEW DELHI WAS A RIOT OF LIGHT, FROM THE ELECTRIC GLOW ON BIG BUILDINGS TO THE SIMPLE CANDLES IN LABORERS' LITTLE HOMES.

THAT SPECTACULAR LIGHTING EFFECT WILL BE RECREATED FOR EISENHOWER. IT WILL BE THE FIRST TIME THAT A VISITING HEAD OF STATE HAS BEEN SO HONORED.

THE PRESIDENTIAL JET WILL LAND ABOUT 45 MINUTES BEFORE SUNSET. AFTER RECEPTION CEREMONIES AT THE AIRPORT, DUSK WILL BE GATHERING ON THE EIGHT-MILE DRIVE TO THE INDIAN PRESIDENT'S BIG HOUSE WHERE EISENHOWER WILL LIVE FOR FIVE DAYS.

A MILLION BULBS WILL LIGHT THE ROUTE IN, MOST OF THEM CONCENTRATED IN THE MARKET SQUARES AND AROUND WIDE TRAFFIC CIRCLES IN THIS SPACIOUS CITY.

THE BRIGHTEST ILLUMINATION WILL BE IN CONNAUGHT PLACE, THE HUB OF NEW DELHI'S COMMERCE. AT DIWALI STRINGS OF ELECTRIC LIGHTS COVER THE STORE FRONTS AROUND A WIDE CIRCULAR PARK AND THE TREES GLOW MAGICALLY WITH LIGHTS.

THE TREES ALSO WILL HOLD SOME OF THE THOUSANDS OF SPECATORS EXPECTED TO LINE EISENHOWER'S ROUTE. "EISENHOWER ZINDABAD" IS THE CRY FROM THE OCCASION, MEANING "LONG LIVE EISENHOWER."

A25WX

(550)  
AMS BUDGET  
IKE-RED CHINA  
BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, DEC. 5 (AP)--PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL GET A FIRST HAND REPORT FROM PRIME MINISTER NEHRU NEXT WEEK ON THE EXTENT OF THE THREAT POSED BY RED CHINA TO INDIA'S NON-COMMUNIST NEIGHBORS. WHAT HE LEARNS MAY HAVE A VITAL BEARING ON THE PROSPECTS FOR STARTING A WORLDWIDE DISARMAMENT SYSTEM DURING EISENHOWER'S LAST YEAR IN OFFICE.

RP925AES



FOR AS COMMUNIST CHINA'S HOSTILITY AND AGGRESSIVENESS TOWARD THE OUTSIDE WORLD INCREASE, THERE IS INCREASING CONCERN IN OFFICIAL QUARTERS HERE OVER THE POSSIBILITY OF SETTING UP AN EFFECTIVE INSPECTION SYSTEM TO POLICE ANY KIND OF DISARMAMENT ACCORD--EVEN A RELATIVELY SIMPLE UNDERTAKING TO REFRAIN FROM TESTING NUCLEAR WEAPONS. EVERY MAJOR WESTERN PLAN FOR DISARMAMENT, AS WELL AS THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN TREATY NOW UNDER NEGOTIATION AT GENEVA, PROVIDES FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF INSPECTION STATIONS MANNED BY INTERNATIONAL TEAMS IN RED CHINA AS WELL AS THE SOVIET UNION.

QUESTIONS CONCERNED WITH RED CHINA'S POLICIES AND ATTITUDES ARE EXPECTED TO BE FULLY DISCUSSED BY EISENHOWER AND NEHRU DURING THE PRESIDENT'S FOUR-DAY VISIT TO NEW DELHI BEGINNING NEXT WEDNESDAY. THESE QUESTIONS EVEN ENTER INTO CALCULATIONS ABOUT THE AMOUNT OF FOREIGN AID, INCLUDING U.S. HELP, WHICH INDIA MAY REQUIRE IN THE NEXT FEW YEARS TO CARRY OUT ITS ECONOMIC EXPANSION PLANS.

NEW AGGRESSION BY RED CHINESE FORCES IN DISPUTED BORDER AREAS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES COULD FORCE NEHRU INTO AN ARMAMENT PROGRAM HE HAS LONG AVOIDED. THE COST OF THIS COULD CUT INTO INDIA'S ECONOMIC PLAN--UNLESS THE BURDEN WAS OFFSET BY MORE OUTSIDE AID.

DISARMAMENT ISSUES ARE ALSO EXPECTED TO COME UP BECAUSE BOTH EISENHOWER AND NEHRU ADVOCATE BRINGING THE NUCLEAR ARMS RACE UNDER CONTROL AS A MEANS OF AVOIDING A GLOBAL NUCLEAR WAR. EISENHOWER MADE A NEW APPEAL FOR DISARMAMENT IN HIS RADIO-TV SPEECH BEFORE LEAVING ON THE GOODWILL TOUR THURSDAY NIGHT. HE CALLED IT THE WAY TO BRING ABOUT A GENERAL RELAXATION OF TENSIONS IN THE WORLD. BUT HE SAID THE FIRST REQUIREMENT FOR A DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE COMMUNIST BLOC IS PROVISION FOR A MUTUALLY EFFECTIVE CONTROLS SYSTEM.

SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE ON NOV. 24 THAT IT IS "VERY MUCH OF A QUESTION" WHETHER ANY KIND OF A DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT WOULD BE PRACTICAL WITHOUT RED CHINA'S PARTICIPATION. HE DECLINED ANY FURTHER DISCUSSION.

BUT THE FACT IS THAT OF ABOUT 180 INSPECTION STATIONS WHICH WOULD BE NECESSARY TO POLICE THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN BEING NEGOTIATED AT GENEVA, APPROXIMATELY 8 WOULD HAVE TO BE SET UP IN RED CHINA. THAT IS ACCORDING TO THE NUMBER AND DISTRIBUTION WORKED OUT IN THE GENEVA TALKS ALREADY. BY WAY OF ILLUSTRATION THERE WOULD BE ABOUT 12 ON U.S. TERRITORY AND 20 TO 24 ON SOVIET TERRITORY.

EXPERTS HERE SAY THE POSITIONS PROJECTED FOR RED CHINA ARE NECESSARY IN PART TO POLICE SOME OF THE SOVIET UNION'S TERRITORY. THEY ALSO ARE ESSENTIAL TO GIVE REASONABLE ASSURANCE THAT RED CHINA DID NOT BECOME THE SCENE OF SNEAK COMMUNIST TEST EXPLOSIONS.

SO LONG AS IT APPEARED THAT THE RED CHINESE WERE FOLLOWING THE SOVIET LEAD IN WORLD AFFAIRS IT WAS ASSUMED HERE THAT ONCE A BEGINNING DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT -- LIKE THE NUCLEAR TEST PACT -- WAS WORKED OUT WITH RUSSIA THE SOVIETS WOULD ARRANGE FOR RED CHINA'S ADHERENCE AND COOPERATION IN THE INSPECTION SYSTEM.

BUT EVER SINCE SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV'S VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES IN SEPTEMBER THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS HAVE BEEN DEMONSTRATING AN UNWILLINGNESS TO FOLLOW HIS LEAD, OR SO IT APPEARS ON THE SURFACE AT LEAST.

EH&CZ124PES

ADVANCE FOR 3:15 P.M. EST

(ADVANCE) BERLIN, GERMANY, DEC. 5 (AP)--A WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL PUBLICLY CRITICIZED PRIME MINISTER NEHRU OF INDIA TODAY FOR A REMARK ABOUT GERMAN REUNIFICATION.

NEHRU TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE IN NEW DELHI THURSDAY EVERYONE IS IN

30.24-9427

FAVOR OF REUNIFICATION IN THEORY BUT NO ONE IS WILLING TO COMPROMISE IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE IT. SO FAR AS HE COULD SEE, NEHRU SAID, NO ONE REALLY WANTS REUNIFICATION.

FRANZ THEBIECK (PRONOUNCED TED-HEK), STATE SECRETARY IN THE MINISTRY FOR ALL-GERMAN AFFAIRS, HIT BACK IN A RADIO ADDRESS OVER RIAS, THE U.S.-OPERATED RADIO STATION IN WEST BERLIN. AT THE SAME TIME BONN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS SAID THE WEST GERMAN EMBASSY IN NEW DELHI HAD BEEN INSTRUCTED TO SEEK CLARIFICATION FROM NEHRU OF HIS REMARKS.

THEBIECK SAID SHARPLY THAT NEHRU SHOULD HAVE SPOKEN ABOUT THE GERMAN RIGHT OF SELF-DETERMINATION.

"OUR DEMAND FOR REUNIFICATION IS BASED ENTIRELY ON THE RIGHT OF SELF-DETERMINATION. AND THE CLAIM OF SELF-DETERMINATION OF A PEOPLE SEEMS TO US TO BE NEITHER UNREALIZABLE NOR IMPOSSIBLE."

THEBIECK SAID REUNIFICATION HAS NOT BEEN ACHIEVED SOLEY BECAUSE THE SOVIET UNION HAS REFUSED TO GRANT SELF-DETERMINATION.

"EVEN PRIME MINISTER NEHRU CANNOT EXPECT THE GERMAN PEOPLE IN BOTH PARTS OF GERMANY TO RENOUNCE THIS FUNDAMENTAL RIGHT. THEY WOULD HAVE TO GIVE UP AS HUMAN BEINGS IF THEY WERE READY TO MAKE SUCH A RENUNCIATION," THEBIECK SAID. "THEREFORE WE CANNOT SURRENDER THESE DEMANDS AND NEHRU MAY AS WELL RECOGNIZE IT."

SN210PES

A28  
NEUSTADT, GERMANY, DEC. 5 (AP)--A FIR TREE FELL ACROSS THE IRON CURTAIN AND CAUSED A BORDER INCIDENT HERE.

A WEST GERMAN LUMBERJACK, WHO SAWED OFF THE TOP OF THE TREE EXTENDING 8 YARDS INTO EAST GERMAN TERRITORY, WAS ARRESTED BY COMMUNIST BORDER GUARDS.

WEST GERMAN POLICE SAID THE GUARDS ALSO SEIZED THE SAWED-OFF TOP AND IMMEDIATELY USED IT TO REINFORCE THE BORDER FENCE.

THE LUMBERJACK WAS RELEASED BY THE COMMUNISTS AFTER SEVERAL HOURS OF QUESTIONING.

JG351AES



B44 (Q)

(180)

ROME, DEC. 5 (AP)-OSSERVATORE ROMANO, THE VATICAN NEWSPAPER, SAID TODAY THAT "WHILE THE WEST IS PREPARING FOR THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE, SOVIET DIPLOMACY HAS ALREADY BEGUN TO EXPLOIT IT."

IN A TWO COLUMN FRONT PAGE EDITORIAL ON WHAT IT CALLED SOVIET PENETRATION IN LATIN AMERICA, OSSERVATORE DECLARED:

"AS THE CASE OF LATIN AMERICA SHOWS, THE SOVIET UNION IS TAKING ADVANTAGE OF INCONTESTABLE FACTUAL SITUATIONS OF ECONOMIC, POLITICAL AND SOCIAL NATURE."

OSSERVATORE SAID THAT THE WESTERN PREPARATION FOR THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE, "HAD LEFT IN THE SHADOW OTHER EVENTS OF BIG SIGNIFICANCE, PARTICULARLY THE VISIT OF SOVIET DEPUTY PREMIER ANASTAS MIKOYAN TO MEXICO."

"FOREIGN COMMENTATORS HAVE SEEN IN THIS (VISIT OF MIKOYAN) THE FIRST PUBLIC ATTEMPT OF MASSIVE PENETRATION OF COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA IN LATIN AMERICA," THE NEWSPAPER SAID.

OSSERVATORE SAID THE PROPAGANDA PLAN NOW BEING CARRIED OUT REPORTEDLY WAS WORKED OUT LAST MARCH IN COMMUNIST CHINA WHEN MAO TZE-TUNG RECEIVED 12 COMMUNIST LEADERS FROM LATIN AMERICA.

"ACCORDING TO AUTHORITATIVE SOURCES, RED CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION DECIDED UPON A YEARLY APPROPRIATION OF 100 MILLION DOLLARS TO BOOST THEIR IDEOLOGICAL PENETRATION IN LATIN AMERICA," THE PAPER ADDED.

ACCORDING TO OSSERVATORE, THE FIRST FRUITS OF SUCH A PENETRATION INCLUDED THE RECENT ANTI-AMERICAN INCIDENTS IN THE PANAMA CANAL AREA.

K333PES

B36 (Q)

-17-

PRECEDE BERLIN HUNGARIAN DAY A3

(320)

BY ANTHONY PEARCE

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, DEC. 5 (AP)-HUNGARY'S COMMUNIST PARTY TODAY WOUND UP A WEEK-LONG CONGRESS THAT BOOSTED ITS PRESTIGE WITH THE EASTERN BLOC, BUT LEFT THE GENERAL SITUATION UNCHANGED.

RUSSIAN TROOPS WILL REMAIN GARRISONED AROUND THIS CAPITAL. NO MULTI-PARTY SYSTEM WILL BE PERMITTED. THERE ARE NO MAJOR CHANGES IN PARTY LEADERSHIP. JANOS KADAR WAS RE-ELECTED PARTY CHIEF.

SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV'S PRESENCE AT THE PARTY'S SEVENTH CONGRESS UNDOUBTEDLY IMPROVED THE STATUS OF THE KADAR REGIME WITH COMMUNISTS ELSEWHERE.

WHEN KHRUSHCHEV FLEW INFROM MOSCOW LAST SUNDAY, HE EMBRACED KADAR AT THE AIRPORT. HE LATER HUGGED HIM ON THE CONGRESS PLATFORM AND LATER REFERRED TO HIM AS "OUR STAUNCHEST FRIEND."

THE HUNGARIAN PARTY CAME UNDER SOMETHING OF A CLOUD AFTER THE 1956 ANTI-SOVIET UPRISING.

DELEGATES FROM COMMUNIST PARTIES OF MORE THAN 40 COUNTRIES SHOWED UP FOR THE CONGRESS. THEY HEARD KADAR PROCLAIM THAT THE 50,000 TO 80,000 SOVIET SOLDIERS STATIONED IN HUNGARY WILL REMAIN "NOT FOR INTERNAL POLITICAL REASONS, BUT BECAUSE OF THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION."

SOME WESTERN SOURCES BELIEVE THAT HAD AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT MEETING BEEN NEARER, THE CONGRESS MAY WELL HAVE BEEN USED AS A PLATFORM FOR A CONCILIATORY SOVIET GESTURE ANNOUNCING WITHDRAWAL OF PART OR ALL OF THE TROOPS.

KADAR BURIED ANY IDEAS OF A MULTI-PARTY SYSTEM DEVELOPING IN HUNGARY, SAYING THIS WOULD LEAD STRAIGHT TO "ANOTHER COUNTER-REVOLUTION," AS HE CALLS THE 1956 UPRISING.

THE CONGRESS, FROM WHICH WESTERN NEWSMEN WERE EXCLUDED, ACCENTED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND THE FARM-COLLECTIVIZATION DRIVE.

INFORMED SOURCES SAID THERE WAS PROBABLY SOME SHARP DIVISIONS ON HOW FAST COLLECTIVIZATION SHOULD BE PUSHED. KADAR, A MODERATE, STRESSED IN HIS PUBLISHED SPEECHES THAT HE WANTED TO TAKE IT STEADILY.

1959

USING PERSUASION AS THE ONLY WEAPON.

ABOUT 50 PER CENT OF THE COUNTRY'S ARABLE LAND IS NOW RUN EITHER ON A COLLECTIVE BASIS OR AS STATE FARMS.

THE CONGRESS UNANIMOUSLY ADOPTED A NEW FIVE-YEAR PLAN AIMED AT RAISING INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION BY 65-70 PER CENT AND AGRICULTURAL OUTPUT 30-32 PER CENT BY 1965. IT ALSO SET A GOAL OF A 26-29 PER CENT INCREASE IN REAL INCOME OF THE POPULATION.

KHRUSHCHEV AND HIS WIFE NINA ARE EXPECTED TO LEAVE TOMORROW IN A GIANT TU 114 AIRLINER. NO INDICATION HAS YET BEEN GIVEN AS TO WHETHER THEY ARE FLYING HOME OR ELSEWHERE.

K302PES

A81

(110)

FIRST LEAD HUNGARIAN-U.N.

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., DEC. 5 (AP)-TWENTY-FOUR NATIONS TODAY CALLED ON THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO DEPLORE THE "CONTINUED DISREGARD" BY SOVIET AND HUNGARIAN AUTHORITIES OF U.N. RESOLUTIONS ON HUNGARY.

THEY HANDED IN A RESOLUTION THAT ALSO WOULD HAVE THE 82-NATION ASSEMBLY CALL FOR SOVIET AND HUNGARIAN COOPERATION WITH THE U.N. REPRESENTATIVE ON HUNGARY, SIR LESLIE MUNRO OF NEW ZEALAND. THE RESOLUTION ASKED THAT MUNRO BE KEPT AT HIS TASK.

IT WAS ANNOUNCED EARLIER THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY WILL MEET AT 3 P.M. (EST) MONDAY TO DEBATE THE HUNGARIAN QUESTION. MUNRO WILL PRESENT A REPORT IN WHICH HE SPEAKS OF "THE IMMINENT POSSIBILITY OF FURTHER EXECUTIONS" OF ANTICOMMUNISTS. THE DEBATE IS EXPECTED TO RUN THROUGH TUESDAY.

THE ASSEMBLY ALREADY HAS ADOPTED 12 DECISIONS SINCE SOVIET TROOPS MOVED INTO HUNGARY TO SUPPRESS THE 1956 UPRISING. THEY CALL FOR WITHDRAWAL OF THOSE TROOPS AND RESTORATION OF INDEPENDENCE AND CIVIL RIGHTS TO HUNGARIANS.

COMMUNIST OFFICIALS, AT A PARTY CONGRESS THIS WEEK ATTENDED BY SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV, MADE CLEAR THAT SOVIET TROOPS WILL STAY ON IN HUNGARY.

THE NEW FOUR-PARAGRAPH RESOLUTION SUBMITTED ON HUNGARY STATES ONLY THAT IT DEPLORES EVENTS IN THAT COUNTRY. A 12-PARAGRAPH RESOLUTION THE ASSEMBLY PASSED LAST DECEMBER CONDEMNED SOVIET AND HUNGARIAN DISREGARD OF U.N. DECISIONS ON THE ISSUE.

THE NEW RESOLUTION ALSO HAD 13 FEWER SPONSORS. THE UNITED STATES DRAFTED THE ORIGINAL TEXT AND HAS BEEN SEEKING CO-SPONSORS FOR MORE THAN TWO WEEKS.

UK346PES

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, DEC. 5 (AP)-SEN. THOMAS H. KUCHEL (R-CALIF) HAS URGED THE UNITED STATES TO STAND FIRM IN THE UNITED NATIONS FOR A NEW CONDEMNATION OF THE BRUTALITIES OF THE COMMUNIST REGIME IN HUNGARY.

WITH THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SESSION DUE TO DEBATE THE HUNGARIAN QUESTION BEFORE CLOSING, KUCHEL, GOP SENATE WHIP, MADE PUBLIC A LETTER HE ADDRESSED TO SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER ASSERTING:

"IN THE INTERESTS OF JUSTICE AND DEMOCRACY, IT SEEMS TO ME INCUMBENT UPON OUR NATION, AS ONE OF THE MOST EARNEST FOUNDERS, TO EXERT ITS INFLUENCE AND USE ITS VOICE IN THE UNITED NATIONS SO THAT THE WORLD DOES NOT BECOME INSENSIBLE TO THE TRAGIC SUFFERING OF THE HUNGARIAN PEOPLE."

C73A0PES

B65 (Q) (450)

BY JOHN BAUSMAN

WARSAW, POLAND, DEC. 5 (AP)-THE NEW YORK TIMES WAS ACCUSED TODAY OF CONDUCTING A COLD WAR CAMPAIGN AGAINST COMMUNIST POLAND AND SALE OF THE NEWSPAPER WAS SHUT OFF AT POLISH NEWSSTANDS.

IT WAS ALSO DISCLOSED THAT PERMISSION WOULD NOT BE GRANTED FOR ANY REPLACEMENT FOR CORRESPONDENT A.M. ROSENTHAL OF THE TIMES, WHO WAS EXPELLED FROM WARSAW LAST MONTH.



IN NEW YORK, THE TIMES SAID IT HAD NO COMMENT.

THE GOVERNMENT ACTION WAS ANNOUNCED IN THE OFFICIAL COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER, TRYBUNA LUDU, IN AN ARTICLE STRONGLY CRITICAL OF REPORTS WRITTEN BY ROSENTHAL FROM VIENNA AFTER HIS DEPARTURE FROM POLAND.

AT THE TIME HE WAS ORDERED TO LEAVE, ROSENTHAL, WHO HAD BEEN IN POLAND FOR 1-1/2 YEARS, WAS TOLD HIS REPORTING HAD PROBED TOO DEEPLY INTO INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF POLAND AND ITS COMMUNIST LEADERSHIP. A FOREIGN MINISTRY SPOKESMAN DECLINED TO DESIGNATE ANY SPECIFIC REPORT AS FALSE AND SAID THE QUESTION OF FALSENESS WAS NOT AT ISSUE.

THERE WAS NEVER AN OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE EXPULSION BUT TODAY TRYBUNA LUDU STATED:

"AS IS KNOWN, THE NEW YORK TIMES CORRESPONDENT, MR. ROSENTHAL, WAS ASKED TO LEAVE THE COUNTRY BY THE AUTHORITIES FOR SPREADING FALSE NEWS AND VULGAR GOSSIP ABOUT POLAND. IMMEDIATELY AFTER CROSSING THE FRONTIER, MR. ROSENTHAL STARTED A SERIES OF FABRICATIONS ABOUT POLAND, THE LIBELOUS AND PROVOCATIVE CHARACTER OF WHICH OUTPACES WHAT HE HAD WRITTEN WHILE IN WARSAW.

"MR. ROSENTHAL BY THIS WANTS TO GET REVENGE FOR STEPS TAKEN BY THE POLISH AUTHORITIES. ONE CAN, HOWEVER, EXPRESS SURPRISE THAT MATERIAL OF THIS KIND, WORTHY OF THE WORST SENSATIONAL PRESS, IS PRINTED BY THE NEW YORK TIMES."

TRYBUNA LUDU DISCLOSED THE BAN AGAINST THE TIMES BY STATING: "WE HAVE LEARNED THAT THE POLISH AUTHORITIES HAVE DECIDED IN CONNECTION WITH THE LIBELOUS SERIES OF ARTICLES TO WITHDRAW THE PAPER'S 'DEBIT' IN POLAND. A DEBIT IS OFFICIAL APPROVAL FOR CIRCULATION OF NEWSPAPERS, BOOKS, FILMS AND SIMILAR PUBLISHED MATERIAL. INFORMED SOURCES SAID WITHDRAWAL OF THE 'DEBIT' MEANS THE BAN APPLIES TO PRIVATE SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE NEW YORK TIMES WHICH MANY FOREIGNERS HERE HAVE RECEIVED BY MAIL, AS WELL AS TO COPIES BROUGHT IN FOR NEWSSTAND SALE.

THERE WAS NO MENTION OF ACTION AGAINST OTHER WESTERN PAPERS WHICH ARE SOLD IN POLAND AND HAVE PUBLISHED ROSENTHAL'S ARTICLES.

TRYBUNA LUDU SAID THAT DESPITE A TENDENCY IN THE UNITED STATES TO END THE COLD WAR, THERE ARE STILL PEOPLE THERE WHO "SET NATIONS AGAINST EACH OTHER, SOW DISTRUST AND INCREASE TENSION."

"THIS NONE TOO NOBLE FUNCTION HAS RECENTLY BEEN UNDERTAKEN BY THE WELL KNOWN NEW YORK DAILY NEWSPAPER, THE NEW YORK TIMES," TRYBUNA LUDU ADDED.

INFORMED SOURCES SAY SEVERAL HUNDRED COPIES OF THE NEW YORK TIMES INTERNATIONAL EDITION HAVE BEEN BROUGHT TO POLAND DAILY FOR SALE TO THE PUBLIC AS WELL AS FOR DISTRIBUTION TO GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND POLISH EDITORIAL STAFFS. THE NEWSPAPER WAS NORMALLY AVAILABLE IN HOTELS AND ON SPECIAL NEWSSTANDS DEALING IN FOREIGN PAPERS.

WESTERN NEWSPAPERS HAVE BEEN AVAILABLE IN POLAND SINCE SHORTLY AFTER PARTY CHIEF WLADYSLAW GOMULKA TOOK OVER THE COUNTRY'S LEADERSHIP IN OCTOBER 1956.

ML-DA1026AES

BY ELTON C. FAY 12/19  
TAICHUNG, FORMOSA, DEC. 5 (AP)—PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK SAID TODAY THE TIME IS RIPE FOR REVOLT ON THE COMMUNIST-RULED MAINLAND.

AT THE SAME TIME, HOWEVER, THE PRESIDENT SAID THE REVOLT MUST START BEFORE HE COULD MOVE ACROSS FORMOSA STRAIT TO HELP AGAINST MAO TZE-TUNG, THE RED RULER.

CHIANG REMINDED A GROUP OF VISITING U.S. REPORTERS THAT HIS NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT HAS A COMMITMENT WITH THE UNITED STATES. THIS WAS A REFERENCE TO A CHIANG PLEDGE NOT TO ATTACK THE MAINLAND.

MEETING FOR MORE THAN AN HOUR WITH REPORTERS IN THIS CENTRAL FORMOSAN CITY, CHIANG SAID HE HAS A LARGE UNDERGROUND NETWORK ON THE MAINLAND WHICH IS PARTICULARLY STRONG ALONG THE COASTS. HE EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE HIS FORCES COULD HANDLE RED CHINA'S ARMES

30.24-9429

EVEN ON A THREE AGAINST ONE RATIO, BUT HE HINTED HE THOUGHT HE SHOULD HAVE THE HELP OF OTHER ASIAN NATIONS.

IN ANSWER TO QUESTIONS, CHIANG MADE THESE OTHER COMMENTS: ANY CONCESSIONS MADE BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IN HIS FORTHCOMING MEETING WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV COULD HAVE A SERIOUS EFFECT ON ALL PEOPLE BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN. BUT HE BELIEVES EISENHOWER'S VISIT TO ASIA WILL PROMOTE BETTER UNDERSTANDING BY PEOPLES THROUGHOUT ASIA.

HE EXPECTS NO BREAK BETWEEN RED CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION. HE INSISTS KHRUSHCHEV IS ABLE TO DOMINATE AND CONTROL THE CHINESE COMMUNIST REGIME.

ON THE SUBJECT OF A MAINLAND REVOLT, CHIANG SAID HE BELIEVES THE UPRISING WILL SPREAD MUCH FASTER THAN THE ONE IN HUNGARY.

HE DOES NOT EXPECT THE SOVIET UNION TO SEND IN TROOPS TO HELP MAO WHEN REVOLT COMES, FOR THAT WOULD IMMOBILIZE LARGE RUSSIAN FORCES IN CHINA--A MISTAKE JAPAN MADE IN WORLD WAR II.

ON HIS REASONS FOR EXPECTING A MAINLAND REVOLT, HE SAID:

"WE ARE BEGINNING TO SEE SIGNS OF AN EXPLOSIVE REACTION AND THIS IS COMING MUCH FASTER THAN MANY EXPECT."

CHIANG SAID MAO ALREADY IS HAVING TO DEAL WITH SO-CALLED RIGHTISTS AND HIS PEOPLE'S COMMUNE SYSTEM FOR MARSHALING CHINA'S PEASANTS INTO A WORK ARMY HAS COLLAPSED. HE SAID THE COMMUNES PERSIST IN NAME BUT WITH MANY MODIFICATIONS CONCEDED BY THE COMMUNISTS.

THE PRESIDENT SAID THE RANK AND FILE IN THE CHINESE COMMUNIST ARMY COME FROM THE COUNTRYSIDE AND SOME WILL REVOLT IF GIVEN THE CHANCE.

TA950AES

B35CD (Q)

(230)

CLEVELAND, DEC. 5 (AP)—A CANADIAN OFFICIAL SAID HERE TODAY THAT THE UNITED STATES SHOULD ADOPT A POLICY OF GRADUAL RELAXATION OF ITS STRAINED RELATIONS WITH COMMUNIST CHINA.

JAMES S. DUNCAN, CHAIRMAN OF THE HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION OF ONTARIO, ADDED IN AN ADDRESS AT THE CITY CLUB FORUM THAT THIS SUGGESTED POLICY SHOULD NOT CARRY WITH IT "IMMEDIATE RECOGNITION, BUT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND RESPECT FOR CHINA'S POSITION AS A GREAT WORLD POWER."

TO IMPLEMENT THE POLICY, DUNCAN SUGGESTED THE FOLLOWING STEPS:

1. "CHINA SHOULD BE GIVEN TO UNDERSTAND BY THE UNITED STATES THAT THE BROADEST POSSIBLE EXCHANGE OF VISITORS... WOULD BE WELCOME.
2. "REPRESENTATIVES OF THE CHINESE PRESS SHOULD BE INVITED TO TRAVEL WIDELY THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES ON A RECIPROCAL BASIS.
3. "ALL FORMS OF CULTURAL EXCHANGES SHOULD BE PROMOTED, INCLUDING ESPECIALLY AN EXCHANGE OF STUDENTS.
4. "THE AMERICAN EMBARGO ON EXPORTS SHOULD BE REDUCED TO AN ABSOLUTE MINIMUM.
5. "THE MUTUAL EXCHANGE OF TRADE DELEGATIONS, THE DISPLAY OF GOODS AT TRADE FAIRS AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED."

DUNCAN, WHO MADE A THREE-WEEK TOUR OF COMMUNIST CHINA LAST SPRING, SAID THAT NONE OF THESE STEPS IMPLIES APPROVAL OF THE CHINESE FORM OF GOVERNMENT, "ANY MORE THAN OUR RECEPTION OF THE LEADERS OF THE SOVIET UNION IMPLIES APPROVAL OF THEIRS."

STATING THAT WEAKNESS AND COMPROMISE HAVE NEVER ADVANCED THE CAUSE OF PEACE, DUNCAN SAID THE UNITED STATES SHOULD CONTINUE HER POLICY OF CONTAINMENT.

"BUT," HE ADDED, "THE CONTINUATION OF THE STATUS QUO ANTE DOES NOT MAKE SENSE EITHER. THE FORMIDABLE REALITY OF RED CHINA CANNOT BE INDEFINITELY IGNORED."

T248PES NM



A77

(300)

BY TOM HOGE

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., DEC. 5 (AP)-THE U.N. POLITICAL COMMITTEE WENT INTO WEEKEND SESSION TODAY IN HOPE OF REACHING A VOTE ON THE THORNY PROBLEM OF ALGERIA.

DEBATE WAS BOGGED DOWN, HOWEVER, BY A PARADE OF ASIAN-AFRICAN NATIONS PLUMPING FOR THEIR RESOLUTION WHICH URGED TALKS BETWEEN FRANCE AND ALGERIA ON POLITICAL ISSUES AS WELL AS A CEASE-FIRE IN THE FIVE-YEAR-OLD REBELLION.

SOURCES CLOSE TO THE FRENCH WHO ARE BOYCOTTING THE DEBATE, ALREADY HAVE BRANDED THE RESOLUTION AS UNACCEPTABLE BECAUSE IT APPEARED TO GIVE RECOGNITION TO THE ALGERIAN FRONT OF NATIONAL LIBERATION AS SOLE SPOKESMAN FOR THE ALGERIANS.

THESE SOURCES PREDICTED THE RESOLUTION WOULD FAIL TO GET THE TWO-THIRDS MAJORITY REQUIRED TO PASS THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

BUT BURMESE AMBASSADOR U THANT, WHO INTRODUCED THE RESOLUTION CO-SPONSORED BY 22 ASIAN-AFRICAN NATIONS, WAS OPTIMISTIC THAT IT WOULD GET THE NEEDED TWO THIRDS.

ALGERIAN REPRESENTATIVES HERE OBSERVING THE DEBATE, PUT OUT A DECLARATION YESTERDAY THAT THEY WOULD NOT STOP FIGHTING UNTIL FRANCE GUARANTEES THEM FREE ELECTIONS ON ALGERIA'S FUTURE.

FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE HAS OFFERED THE ALGERIANS A CHANCE TO VOTE ON WHETHER THEY WANT TO BE INDEPENDENT OR REMAIN TIED TO FRANCE.

DE GAULLE CALLED ON THE NATIONALISTS TO LAY DOWN THEIR ARMS AND PROMISED TO LET ALGERIA DECIDE ITS OWN FUTURE IN A REFERENDUM WITHIN FOUR YEARS AFTER THE FIGHTING ENDS. HE INVITED OUTSIDE COUNTRIES TO SEND OBSERVERS BUT MADE PLAIN THAT THE FRENCH WOULD SUPERVISE THE VOTING.

THE U.N. COMMITTEE, WHICH MUST DEBATE THE IMPORTANT OUTER SPACE ISSUE BEFORE THE SESSION ENDS DEC. 12, IS PLANNING MORNING AND AFTERNOON MEETINGS TO TRY TO GET ALGERIA CLEANED UP FOR FINAL ACTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

IF THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE FAILS TO FINISH WITH ALGERIA BEFORE MONDAY IT WILL BE IN A PREDICAMENT. IT CANNOT MEET WHILE THE ASSEMBLY IS IN SESSION ON MAJOR ISSUES AND THE HUNGARIAN DEBATE IS COMING UP NEXT WEEK AND IS EXPECTED TO LAST TWO DAYS.

THERE IS ALSO THE UNSOLVED DEADLOCK BETWEEN COMMUNIST POLAND AND U.S.-BACKED TURKEY FOR A SEAT ON THE SECURITY COUNCIL. THE ASSEMBLY MUST RESOLVE THAT PROBLEM BEFORE ADJOURNMENT.

THE 82-NATION BODY HAS WADED THROUGH AN UNPRECEDENTED 49 BALLOTS WITH NO SIGN OF A BREAK IN THE STALEMATE.

JG713AES

A125 (170)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., DEC. 5 (AP)-THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY TODAY APPROVED THE APPOINTMENT OF INDIAN MAJ. GEN. P. S. GVANI AS COMMANDER OF THE U.N. EMERGENCY FORCE (UNEF).

SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY HE HAD NAMED GVANI TO SUCCEED CANADIAN MAJ. GEN. E. L. M. BURNS, WHO HAS RESIGNED TO BECOME A CANADIAN GOVERNMENT DISARMAMENT ADVISER.

THE ASSEMBLY'S RESOLUTION ENDORSING THIS, ALSO EXPRESSED APPRECIATION OF BURNS' "EXCELLENT LEADERSHIP."

THE ASSEMBLY AUTHORIZED HAMMARSKJOLD TO SPEND UP TO 20 MILLION DOLLARS NEXT YEAR TO KEEP UNEF ON THE JOB IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

IT ALSO DECIDED THAT U.N. MEMBERS SHOULD GO ON SHARING THIS EXPENSE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ABILITY TO PAY, BUT THAT ANY VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS SHOULD SERVE TO REDUCE THE SHARE BORNE BY SMALLER COUNTRIES.

THE RESOLUTION PASSED 49-9 WITH 21 ABSTENTIONS. MOST OF THE DISSIDENTS DO NOT PAY THEIR ASSESSMENTS FOR UNEF'S SUPPORT. THE SOVIET BLOC WAS OPPOSED. ABSTAINERS MOSTLY WERE FROM THE ARAB WORLD AND LATIN AMERICA.

1959

THE UNITED STATES IS PLEDGED TO PUT UP \$9,700,000 OF THE 20 MILLION.

THE FORCE OF 5,350 MEN FROM BRAZIL, CANADA, DENMARK, INDIA, NORWAY, SWEDEN AND YUGOSLAVIA WATCHES OVER PEACE ON THE EGYPT-ISRAEL LINE AND DOWN THE GULF OF AQABA.

JB818PES

B34 (Q)

(200)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., DEC. 5 (AP)-INDONESIA AND PAKISTAN OFFERED TODAY A COMPROMISE PROPOSAL FOR A THREE-YEAR EXTENSION OF THE LIFE OF THE U.N. AGENCY THAT CARES FOR MORE THAN A MILLION ARAB REFUGEES OF THE 1948 PALESTINE WAR.

IT WAS A REVISION OF A RESOLUTION THEY SUBMITTED NOV. 23 FOR A FIVE-YEAR EXTENSION OF THE MANDATE OF THE U.N. RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY (UNRWA) FOR PALESTINE REFUGEES. THIS AGENCY WILL DIE JUNE 30 UNLESS THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ACTS TO KEEP IT ALIVE.

THE REVISED RESOLUTION WAS WORKED OUT IN TALKS HELD AMONG THE THREE COUNTRIES WHERE THE REFUGEES LIVE--JORDAN, LEBANON AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC--AND THE TWO THAT GIVE MOST OF THE MONEY TO SUPPORT THEM--THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN.

INFORMED DIPLOMATS SAID ALL ARAB COUNTRIES WILL VOTE FOR THE RESOLUTION. IN PREVIOUS ASSEMBLY SESSIONS THEY HAVE VOTED AGAINST RESOLUTIONS ON REFUGEE RELIEF.

THE UNITED STATES, WHICH PUTS UP 70 PER CENT OF THE AGENCY'S FUNDS, SAID LAST YEAR UNRWA SHOULD BE REPLACED. IN THIS YEAR'S NEGOTIATIONS, IT AGREED FIRST TO A TWO-YEAR AND THEN TO A THREE-YEAR EXTENSION--PROVIDED SOMETHING WAS DONE TO SOLVE THE REFUGEE PROBLEM.

THE COMPROMISE PROPOSAL REFLECTS THE U.S. VIEW AND ALSO THE ARAB POSITION THAT THE REFUGEES ARE ENTITLED TO A CHOICE BETWEEN GOING BACK TO THEIR HOMES IN WHAT IS NOW ISRAEL OR TAKING PAY FOR THEIR PROPERTY THERE. PAKISTAN WILL INTRODUCE IT MONDAY IN THE ASSEMBLY'S SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE.

K242PES

B63 (Q)

(150)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., DEC. 5 (AP)-THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY TODAY ASKED SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD TO REPORT NEXT YEAR ON "WAYS AND MEANS OF PROMOTING WIDER TRADE COOPERATION AMONG STATES, IRRESPECTIVE OF THEIR ECONOMIC SYSTEMS."

THE ASSEMBLY'S ECONOMIC COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTED THAT PROVISION FOR A PROPOSAL FROM BULGARIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND POLAND FOR "A SINGLE UNIVERSAL, INTERNATIONAL TRADE ORGANIZATION, OPEN TO ALL INTERESTED COUNTRIES."

THE WHITTLED-DOWN RESOLUTION PASSED THE ASSEMBLY 80-0. THE UNITED STATES EXPLAINED THAT IT COULD VOTE FOR IT ONLY BECAUSE THE FINAL DRAFT DID NOT REQUIRE U.S. TRADE WITH UNRECOGNIZED COUNTRIES.

THE RESOLUTION RECOMMENDED THAT INDUSTRIAL AND LESS DEVELOPED COUNTRIES MAKE CREDIT ARRANGEMENTS TO ENCOURAGE THE EXPORT OF MACHINERY TO LESS DEVELOPED COUNTRIES "WITHOUT ANY RESTRICTION ON THE FREEDOM OF THESE COUNTRIES TO BUY AND SELL IN THE BEST MARKET."

INDIA GOT THE LATTER QUALIFICATION INSERTED. INDIA IS CRITICAL OF A RECENT U.S. REQUIREMENT THAT SOME U.S. FOREIGN AID FUNDS BE SPENT IN THE UNITED STATES.

RS511PES

A85

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., DEC. 5 (AP)-THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY TODAY APPROVED \$854,980 IN SUPPLEMENTARY APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1959, RUNNING THE BUDGET UP TO \$61,637,100. THEN IT VOTED FOR AN EVEN BIGGER BUDGET FOR 1960--\$63,149,700.

UK540PES



A77WX

(530) ICELAND  
BY C. YATES MC DANIEL

WASHINGTON, DEC. 5 (AP)--WITHDRAWAL OF A SUBSTANTIAL PART OF THE AMERICAN MILITARY FORCE NOW STATIONED IN ICELAND IS UNDER CONSIDERATION AT THE HIGHEST U.S. AND ATLANTIC ALLIANCE LEVELS, INFORMED OFFICIALS REVEALED TODAY.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT DECLINED TO DISCUSS THIS DEVELOPMENT IN VIEW OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S ABSENCE ON HIS GOODWILL TOUR IN EUROPE, AFRICA AND ASIA. BUT A REDUCTION IN THE 6,000-MAN FORCE IN THE NORTH ATLANTIC ISLAND IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE ONE OF THE MATTERS THAT WILL COME BEFORE THE NATO DEFENSE MINISTERS MEETING IN PARIS STARTING ON DEC. 14.

U.S. TROOPS FIRST WENT TO ICELAND IN THE MONTHS BEFORE THE UNITED STATES OFFICIALLY ENTERED WORLD WAR II 18 YEARS AGO MONDAY. THE U.S. FORCES NOW IN ICELAND ARE THERE UNDER TERMS OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ALLIANCE OF WHICH ICELAND IS A MEMBER.

ICELAND FURNISHES NO COMBAT FORCES TO THE ALLIANCE BUT HER GEOGRAPHICAL POSITION HAS SERVED AS A VITAL LINK IN EAST-WEST HEMISPHERIC DEFENSES.

MOST OF THE AMERICANS IN ICELAND BELONG TO THE ARMY AND THE AIR FORCE. THERE IS AN ARMY GROUP AND ENGINEERS WHOSE MAIN FUNCTION IS TO LOOK AFTER THE AIR BASE AND SUPPORTING FACILITIES CENTERED AT KEYFLAVIK.

IN ADDITION TO PROVIDING GROUND SUPPORT AT THE AIR BASE, ARMY AND AIR FORCE PERSONNEL MAN RADAR AND COMMUNICATIONS INSTALLATIONS IN ICELAND.

THE NAVY HAS A MUCH SMALLER GROUP ASHORE, BUT IS CONCERNED WITH COMMUNICATIONS AND THE CONSTANT ANTI-SUBMARINE SURVEILLANCE OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC PASSAGES.

SEVERAL YEARS AGO STRONG POLITICAL PRESSURES DEVELOPED IN ICELAND FOR WITHDRAWAL OF THE U.S. FORCES, BUT THAT SITUATION WAS QUIETED DOWN THROUGH DIPLOMATIC MEANS.

EARLY THIS FALL, THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT REMOVED BRIG. GEN. GILBERT L. PRITCHARD, COMMANDER OF U.S. TROOPS IN ICELAND, "IN RESPONSE TO A REQUEST BY THE ICELANDIC GOVERNMENT."

THE GENERAL'S REMOVAL FOLLOWED AN INCIDENT IN WHICH TWO ICELANDIC CIVIL DEFENSE OFFICIALS SAID THEY HAD BEEN FORCED TO LIE FACE DOWN ON WET GROUND BY AN AMERICAN SENTRY WHILE HE TOOK TIME TO FIND OUT WHETHER THEY HAD AUTHORITY TO ENTER A U.S. MILITARY BASE.

THE CURRENT DISCUSSION OVER THE REMOVAL OF U.S. FORCES WAS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE NO CONNECTION WITH THE EARLY SEPTEMBER INCIDENT. AND THERE WAS NO OFFICIAL WORD THAT THE ICELANDIC GOVERNMENT HAD MADE ANY FORMAL REQUEST FOR THE DEPARTURE OF AMERICAN TROOPS.

HOWEVER, THERE IS NO GETTING AWAY FROM THE FACT THAT THE PEOPLE OF ICELAND HAVE NEVER BECOME RECONCILED TO HAVING U.S. TROOPS STATIONED IN THEIR MIDST.

IN RECENT YEARS, THE UNITED STATES HAS SOUGHT TO AVOID ANY SITUATIONS THAT MIGHT LEAD TO THE EXCHANGE OF FORMAL DOCUMENTS, WITH POSSIBLY EMBARRASSING RESULTS, BETWEEN THIS GOVERNMENT AND ICELAND.

A CASE IN POINT IS THE QUESTION OF STATIONING U.S. NEGROES IN ICELAND. ADMINISTRATION SOURCES SAID TODAY THERE ARE NO NEGROES PRESENTLY ASSIGNED TO AMERICAN UNITS IN ICELAND.

HOWEVER, BOTH THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT AND THE ICELANDIC EMBASSY IN WASHINGTON HAVE DENIED THE EXISTENCE OF ANY AGREEMENT DEFINING THE IDENTITY OF AMERICANS IN ICELAND.

THE ICELANDIC EMBASSY SAID THE UNITED STATES HAD BEEN REQUESTED, IN SELECTING PERSONNEL FOR DUTY IN ICELAND, TO SEND MEN OF "A HIGH DEGREE OF CULTURE AND DISCIPLINE." THIS UNDERSTANDING HAS PLACED ON THE UNITED STATES A RESPONSIBILITY FOR CAREFUL SELECTION OF MILITARY MEN FOR DUTY IN ICELAND.

RZ509PES

30.24-9431

A23WX (520)

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY

AMS BUDGET  
DEFENSE STUDY

BY ERNEST B. VACCARO

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, DEC. 5 (AP)--A DECLINING MILITARY POSITION HAS LEFT THE UNITED STATES FACING THE GREATEST DANGER IN ITS HISTORY, A UNIVERSITY RESEARCH GROUP SAID TODAY.

IN A STUDY PREPARED FOR THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE THE GROUP CALLED FOR AN ALL-OUT EFFORT TO DEVELOP A POWERFUL, RELIABLE BALLISTIC MISSILE AND GET IT INTO FULL SCALE PRODUCTION.

"THE MILITARY POSITION OF THE UNITED STATES HAS DECLINED IN THE SHORT SPAN OF 15 YEARS FROM ONE OF UNCHALLENGED SECURITY TO THAT OF A NATION BOTH OPEN AND VULNERABLE TO DIRECT AND DEVASTATING ATTACK," SAID THE STUDY PREPARED BY A JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY RESEARCH GROUP.

AT THE SAME TIME, DEVELOPMENTS IN MILITARY TECHNOLOGY IN THE SOVIET UNION NOW MAKE IT APPEAR RUSSIA WILL BE THE FIRST TO ACHIEVE A COMPREHENSIVE MISSILE ARM, THE STUDY CONTINUED. IT ADDED:

"IT IS THIS POSSIBILITY THAT DISTURBS THOSE WHO SEE IN THE 'MISSILE GAP' OF THE EARLY 1960S THE GREATEST DANGER TO ITS SECURITY THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS EVER FACED."

THE STUDY IS ONE OF 15 TO BE USED BY THE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE AS BACKGROUND FOR HEARINGS ON U.S. GLOBAL POLICY NEXT YEAR. THE COMMITTEE RECEIVED AN APPROPRIATION OF \$300,000 TO FINANCE THE STUDIES BY PRIVATE RESEARCH ORGANIZATIONS, UNIVERSITIES AND INDIVIDUALS.

THIS IS THE EIGHTH TO BE PUBLISHED.

THE STUDY STRONGLY OPPOSED AN ARMS CONTROL POLICY AIMED AT TOTAL DISARMAMENT, AS SUGGESTED BY SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV. IT ARGUED SUCH POLICY WOULD PERMIT A VIOLATOR TO GAIN SUPREMACY THROUGH CONCEALED PRODUCTION OF RELATIVELY FEW WEAPONS.

INSTEAD, IT URGED THE UNITED STATES TO STRIVE FOR AN AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA CALLING FOR STRATEGIC FORCES "LIMITED TO RETALIATORY SYSTEMS CAPABLE OF SURVIVING A FIRST STRIKE, BUT INSUFFICIENT FOR EMPLOYMENT IN A FIRST STRIKE."

THE JOHNS HOPKINS RESEARCHERS TOOK ISSUE WITH THOSE WHO HAVE URGED A SHIFT OF EMPHASIS FROM MILITARY TO ECONOMIC AID ABROAD.

"WHILE MILITARY DEFENSE NEEDS TO BE SUPPLEMENTED BY ECONOMIC, PSYCHOLOGICAL, AND OTHER POLICIES," IT SAID, "THE PROVISION OF ADEQUATE AND APPROPRIATE MILITARY STRENGTH IS THE PRECONDITION OF WORLD SECURITY."

THE REPORT CALLED FOR THE UNITED STATES TO GIVE TOP PRIORITY TO EFFORTS TO REDUCE THE VULNERABILITY OF U.S. AND ALLIED STRATEGIC FORCES. AIR BASES, BOMBERS, CONTROL CENTERS, MISSILE LAUNCHING SITES AND PERSONNEL NEED "INCREASED MOBILITY, CONCEALMENT, HARDENING AND DISPERSAL," IT SAID.

AT HOME, THE REPORT CONTINUED, THE OVERRIDING OBJECTIVE OF A U.S. STRATEGIC WEAPONS PROGRAM SHOULD NOT BE TO MATCH ASSUMED SOVIET LONG RANGE MISSILE CAPABILITIES, BUT EARLY ATTAINMENT OF "DIVERSE AND RELATIVELY SECURE RETALIATORY SYSTEMS."

"IT IS UNLIKELY THAT THE UNITED STATES COULD CLOSE THE ANTICIPATED MISSILE GAP, OR APPRECIABLY SHORTEN THIS DANGEROUS TRANSITIONAL PERIOD, MERELY BY ACCELERATING PRODUCTION OF OUR PRESENT STRATEGIC WEAPONS," THE REPORT SAID.

"ANTICIPATED MISSILE SYSTEMS OF THE 1960S WILL BE ADAPTABLE TO HARDENED SITING AND TO LAUNCHING FROM MOBILE AIR, LAND, AND SEA-BASED DELIVERY VEHICLES WHOSE CONSTANT MOVEMENT SHOULD GIVE THEM A CONSIDERABLE MEASURE OF PROTECTION AGAINST LOCATION AND DESTRUCTION BY THE ENEMY IN A FIRST STRIKE."

IF SUCH NEW WEAPONS ARE DEPLOYED IN STRENGTH ON BOTH SIDES OF THE IRON CURTAIN, THE AUTHORS SAID, THE DEVASTATION OF A SURPRISE



ATTACK COULD BE MODIFIED.

THE REPORT URGED THAT THE UNITED STATES NOT PERMIT THE SOVIET UNION TO OUTDISTANCE IT IN THE FIELD OF SPACE TECHNOLOGY IN WHICH IT SAID DEVELOPMENT OF A NEW WEAPONS GENERATION MAY BE POSSIBLE.

ALTHOUGH THE STUDY DID NOT CITE ANY SPECIFIC DIFFERENCES IN THE RELATIVE STRENGTH OF THE TWO COUNTRIES THESE THINGS ARE KNOWN:

BEHIND EACH GREAT POWER IS A SYSTEM OF ALLIANCE.

THE UNITED STATES IS LINKED WITH 14 OTHER NATIONS IN THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION. THESE NATO NATIONS HAVE SOME 3,300,000 MEN UNDER ARMS, SCATTERED FROM THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA TO NORWAY AND TURKEY.

THE SOVIET UNION AND HER EUROPEAN SATELLITES HAVE APPROXIMATELY 3,200,000 MEN UNDER ARMS. THE SOVIET ALSO HAS 175 DIVISIONS, ABOUT 160 OF THEM STATIONED WEST OF THE URAL MOUNTAINS.

THE COMMUNIST NATIONS CAN MUSTER ABOUT 35,000 MILITARY AIRCRAFT; THE NATO NATIONS AROUND 49,000. DESPITE THE DISPARITY IN NUMBERS, THE SOVIET UNION IS BELIEVED TO HAVE MORE ACTUAL COMBAT TYPE AIRCRAFT.

THE SOVIET UNION HAS ABOUT 500 SUBMARINES, THE NATO NATIONS ABOUT 205. INCLUDED IN THE LATTER TOTAL ARE SEVERAL ATOMIC POWERED SUBMARINES WITH THE UNITED STATES BUILDING MORE.

IN MAJOR SURFACE COMBAT VESSELS THE NATO NAVIES OUTNUMBER THE SOVIET ABOUT THREE TO ONE. THE SOVIET UNION HAS NO AIRCRAFT CARRIERS.

U.S. INTELLIGENCE SOURCES ARE NOT PERMITTED TO DISCUSS THE SOVIET'S MISSILE CAPABILITIES, BUT THIS MUCH IS KNOWN:

BY 1947, USING CAPTURED GERMAN PRODUCTION FACILITIES, THE SOVIETS WERE IN THE BUSINESS OF MAKING LARGE NUMBER OF 400 MILE RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILES. THE SOVIET MISSILE PROGRAM HAS EXPANDED RAPIDLY SINCE.

THE BACKBONE OF THE UNITED STATES' ATOMIC WEAPON DETERRENT CAPABILITY IS THE MANNED AIRCRAFT. THE UNITED STATES HAS 500 TO 600 HEAVY BOMBERS, COMPARED TO THE SOVIET'S 150 TO 200, AND 1,500 MEDIUM BOMBERS. THE SOVIET UNION HAS ABOUT 1,000.

IN THE MISSILE FIELD, THE UNITED STATES HAS THREE MISSILE DESCRIBED AS OPERATIONAL--THE ATLAS, THOR AND JUPITER.

COMBAT-READY ATLASES AND THORS ARE POISED ON LAUNCHING PADS ABROAD AND JUPITERS SOON WILL JOIN THEM.

FOUR SQUADRONS OF THORS, AN INTERMEDIATE RANGE MISSILE, ARE ASSIGNED TO NATO TROOPS IN ENGLAND. THREE ARMY JUPITER SQUADRONS ARE DUE FOR EARLY DELIVERY TO NATO FORCES. TWO WILL GO TO ITALY, ONE TO TURKEY, EACH SQUADRON HAS 15 OF THE DEADLY WEAPONS.

TWO OTHER AMERICAN BALLISTIC MISSILES, THE TITAN ICBM, AND POLARIS SUBMARINE WEAPON, ARE EXPERIENCING TEST DIFFICULTIES. BUT BOTH ARE EXPECTED TO BE ADDED TO THE OPERATIONAL DEFENSE ARSENAL NEXT YEAR.

NEXT YEAR TESTING WILL BEGIN ON TWO SOLID-FUEL BALLISTIC ROCKETS, THE 700-MILE PERSHING AND THE 5,000 MILE MINUTEMAN.

RZ1127PES

A14

A154WX (ADV)

(550) ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, DEC. 6--NOTE DATE DEFENSE CUTBACKS

BY C. YATES MCDANIEL

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, DEC. 5 (AP)--THE AIR FORCE WILL RETIRE UP TO 900 AIRCRAFT UNDER ADMINISTRATION PRESSURE TO SAVE MONEY FOR MISSILES AND OTHER ATOMIC-SPACE AGE EQUIPMENT.

THE MANNED AIRPLANES, MOSTLY COMBAT TYPES, WILL BE LAID UP OVER THE NEXT 12 MONTHS. THIS WILL PARALLEL THE EXPECTED CLOSING OF A DOZEN OR MORE OPERATING BASES.

THESE ECONOMY MOVES COME ON TOP OF RECENT DRASTIC CUTBACKS AND CANCELLATIONS IN COSTLY BUT PROMISING PROGRAMS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF ADVANCED WARPLANES SUCH AS THE F108 LONG RANGE INTERCEPTOR AND THE B70 LONGRANGE SUPERSONIC HEAVY BOMBER.

THE AIR FORCE IS BEARING THE BRUNT OF ECONOMY AND STREAMLINING ACTIONS IMPOSED BY THE ADMINISTRATION'S DETERMINATION TO HOLD THE LINE ON DEFENSE SPENDING AND KEEP IT RUNNING AT ABOUT THE CURRENT 41 BILLION

DOLLARS A YEAR LEVEL.

THE ARMY, WHICH IN PAST YEARS HAS ABSORBED HEAVY CUTS IN MONEY AND MEN, APPEARS TO BE HOLDING ITS OWN BETTER THAN USUAL IN CURRENT PLANS AND IN THE NEW DEFENSE BUDGET THAT WILL BE SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS NEXT MONTH.

THE NAVY WILL MAKE A SUBSTANTIAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE ECONOMY CAMPAIGN, PROBABLY BY MOTHBALLING ADDITIONAL SHIPS WITHIN THE NEXT 12 MONTHS AND BY POSTPONING, AT LEAST, THE START OF CONSTRUCTION AND CONVERSION OF SHIPS COSTING ABOUT HALF A BILLION DOLLARS.

WITHIN THE AIR FORCE, THE AIR DEFENSE COMMAND IS TAKING A HEAVY PORTION OF THE CUTS. AT LEAST EIGHT OF THE COMMAND'S 79 DEFENSE SQUADRONS WILL BE INACTIVATED BEFORE THE END OF 1960. THIS MEANS THE RETIREMENT OR TRANSFER TO THE NATIONAL GUARD OR RESERVE FORCES OF SOME 600 AIRCRAFT MOST OF THEM SUPERSONIC FIGHTER TYPES.

THE AIR DEFENSE COMMAND, IN A STREAMLINING MOVE WHICH WILL SAVE SOME MEN AND MONEY, HAS ABOLISHED ITS THREE REGIONAL AREA COMMAND HEADQUARTERS.

OTHER AIR FORCE UNITS ANNOUNCED OR SCHEDULED TO FEEL THE ECONOMY AXE INCLUDE THREE AIR RESCUE SQUADRONS AND FIVE AIR TRANSPORT SQUADRONS.

IN THE BOMBER FIELD, THE MAJOR LOSS OVER THE NEXT FEW MONTHS WILL BE IN THE AGING B47 MEDIUM BOMBER FLEET THAT NOW NUMBERS ABOUT 1,200 JET AIRCRAFT.

ALTHOUGH NO PRECISE BREAKDOWN IS AVAILABLE, INFORMED SOURCES AGREED THAT FIVE WINGS, EACH CONTAINING 45 JET BOMBERS, WILL BE TAKEN OUT OF OPERATION. IT IS POSSIBLE THAT EVEN MORE B47S WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE ACTIVE LIST.

THE AIR FORCE HAS ALREADY CUT BACK THE CURRENT YEAR'S PURCHASE OF THE NEW SUPERSONIC B58 MEDIUM BOMBERS FROM 40 TO 32. THIS LEAVES 98 OF THE HUSTLERS COMPLETED OR ON ORDER WITH SOME MORE TO BE PURCHASED WITH MONEY AVAILABLE AFTER NEXT JULY 1.

UNDER PRESSURE FROM THE ADMINISTRATION AND THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT TO REALIZE THAT THE PLANNED INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF LONG RANGE MISSILES MUST FORCE THE AIR FORCE TO SPEND LESS ON NEW MANNED AIRCRAFT, THE F108 LONG RANGE INTERCEPTOR, EXPECTED TO FLY WITHIN TWO YEARS, WAS ELIMINATED COMPLETELY.

THE LATEST CASUALTY AMONG MANNED AIRPLANES UNDER DEVELOPMENT IS THE B70 HEAVY BOMBER DESIGNED TO FLY AT THREE TIMES THE SPEED OF SOUND AT ALTITUDES OF 60,000 FEET.

AFTER SPENDING MORE THAN HALF A BILLION DOLLARS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS FUTURISTIC HEAVY BOMBER, THE PROGRAM WAS CUT BACK LAST WEEK FROM A SCHEDULED OPERATING BOMBER FORCE TO A STRICTLY RESEARCH PROJECT THAT WILL PRODUCE A COUPLE OF AIRCRAFT FOR EXPERIMENTAL PURPOSES ONLY.

THE AIR FORCE HAS ALREADY ANNOUNCED THE CLOSING IN MARCH OF ETHAN ALLEN AIR FORCE BASE IN VERMONT AND HAS SERVED WARNINGS OF ADDITIONAL BASE CLOSINGS NEXT YEAR.

AMONG THE BASES UNDER CONSIDERATION FOR SHUTTING DOWN ARE CHENNAULT IN LOUISIANA, MITCHEL ON LONG ISLAND, AND DONALDSON IN SOUTH CAROLINA. FINAL DECISIONS AS TO WHICH BASES WILL BE CLOSED, AND WHEN, HAVE YET TO BE MADE.

END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, DEC. 6 SENT DEC. 4

BU1245AES

A80WX

(340) ADVANCE FOR 6:30 PM EST TODAY

UNIFIED DEFENSE

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, DEC. 5 (AP)--ABSOLUTE CIVILIAN CONTROL OF A FULLY UNIFIED DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT WAS URGED TODAY BY REP. FRANK KOWALSKI (D-CONN), A RETIRED ARMY COLONEL. AS A STARTER HE PROPOSED PUTTING ALL MISSILE PROGRAMS UNDER A SINGLE CONTROL.

KOWALSKI, A FREQUENT CRITIC OF ADMINISTRATION DEFENSE POLICIES AND PRACTICES, WROTE THOMAS S. GATES JR., THE NEW SECRETARY OF DEFENSE, URGING THAT GATES ADVOCATE A "REAL, FULL UNIFICATION OF OUR MILITARY SERVICES" AND ADDED:



"REORGANIZATION" PROGRAMS, ONE AFTER THE OTHER, HAVE FAILED TO END WASTE OF AMERICAN MANPOWER, WASTE OF TALENT, AND WASTE OF BILLIONS OF DOLLARS. ONLY BY SWEEPING AWAY THE OLD, OUTMODED IDEAS CAN WE SECURE THE TRULY EFFECTIVE DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT WHICH, IN THIS SPACE AGE, IS NEEDED TO INSURE OUR VERY SURVIVAL."

KOWALSKI SUGGESTED THAT A WHOLLY NEW CONCEPT OF DEFENSE SHOULD BE BASED ON "ABSOLUTE CIVILIAN CONTROL OF A UNIFIED DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT, UNDER A CIVILIAN SECRETARY OF DEFENSE, WHO WOULD BE IN ACTUAL COMMAND, SUBJECT ONLY TO THE PRESIDENT AS COMMANDER IN CHIEF." GIVEN PROPER AUTHORITY, HE ADDED, THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE COULD DO A MUCH MORE EFFECTIVE JOB THAN WILL EVER BE POSSIBLE "UNDER THE CUMBERSOME JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF SYSTEM WHICH WE NOW HAVE, OR ANY OTHER CHIEF OF STAFF ARRANGEMENT."

KOWALSKI SAID SEPARATE, COMPETING SERVICES MUST BE ELIMINATED AND A SINGLE DEFENSE FORCE SET UP ALONG FUNCTIONAL LINES. THIS, HE CONTINUED, WOULD PUT AN END TO DUPLICATION OF EFFORT AND COST.

"REAL UNIFICATION," HE SAID, "CAN BE ACHIEVED WITHOUT FORCING ANY OF THE GREAT COMBAT UNITS, LIKE THE MARINES, TO ABANDON THEIR ILLUSTRIOUS TRADITIONS OR LOSE THEIR HISTORIC FUNCTIONS, BUT THESE UNITS SHOULD FUNCTION, NOT SEPARATELY, AS AT PRESENT, BUT RATHER AS PART OF ONE UNIFIED DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT."

ONLY BY PROVIDING REAL UNITY OF COMMAND, KOWALSKI SAID, CAN THE GOVERNMENT "END THE INTER-SERVICE BICKERING AND COMPETITION WHICH HAVE NOT ONLY HAMPERED EFFECTIVE OPERATIONS, BUT HAVE CAUSED WHOLESOME WASTAGE OF MEN AND MONEY."

KOWALSKI SAID UNIFICATION OF MISSILE PROGRAMS SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN IMMEDIATELY.

"FORMER SECRETARY MCELROY'S CANDIDLY FRIGHTENING ADMISSIONS THAT WE ARE YEARS BEHIND THE SOVIET IN MISSILE DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION HAVE CAST A COLD CHILL OVER THE AMERICAN PEOPLE," THE CONGRESSMAN TOLD GATES, ADDING:

"WE NEED THE BEST POSSIBLE MISSILES, IN THE SHORTEST POSSIBLE TIME, AND WE CAN SECURE THEM ONLY THROUGH A UNIFIED PROGRAM. I AM SURE THAT CONGRESS WILL SUPPORT YOU FULLY IF YOU PRESENT SUCH A PROGRAM AT THE START OF THE NEXT SESSION."

R7518PES

B56WX Q

(230) ADVANCE FOR 6:30 PM TODAY

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, DEC. 5 (AP)-THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT HAS FOUND A WAY TO CARRY OUT VITALLY NEEDED ATOMIC RADIATION EXPERIMENTS ON LIVE SUBJECTS WITHOUT VIOLATING THE HOLIDAY IN NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS.

THE PENTAGON REVEALED THE PLAN TODAY IN ANNOUNCING THE CONSTRUCTION OF A NUCLEAR REACTOR LABORATORY AT THE BETHESDA, MD., NAVAL MEDICAL CENTER. THE FIVE MILLION DOLLAR FACILITY HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO PERMIT CAREFULLY CONTROLLED RADIATION EXPERIMENTS USING ANIMALS OF ALL SIZES. IT IS EXPECTED TO BE IN OPERATION BY JULY, 1961.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT WILL OPERATE THE LABORATORY WORKING CLOSELY WITH OTHER AGENCIES SUCH AS THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AND THE OFFICE OF CIVIL DEFENSE.

SINCE THE FIRST U.S. ATOMIC TESTS AFTER WORLD WAR II, ANIMALS AND LIVING MATTER OF VARIOUS TYPES HAVE BEEN USED TO DETERMINE RADIATION EFFECTS. BUT THE RESULTS HAVE LEFT SOMETHING TO BE DESIRED BECAUSE OF THE DIFFICULTY OF PRECISE CONTROL OVER THE PLACING OF TEST ANIMALS IN RELATION TO THE ALTITUDE AND LOCATION OF THE NUCLEAR EXPLOSION.

THE NEW REACTOR LABORATORY WILL INCLUDE A CHAMBER IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO ITS RADIOACTIVE CORE. RADIATION LEVELS WILL BE CONTROLLED BY VARYING THE AMOUNTS OF SHIELDING BETWEEN THE CORE AND THE TEST ROOM, WHERE ALL SIZES OF ANIMALS WILL BE PLACED FOR PRECISE PERIODS OF TIME.

THE REACTOR IS ALSO DESIGNED TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE AMOUNT OF SHIELDING REQUIRED TO PROTECT LIFE AND STRUCTURAL MATERIALS.

RZ426PES

30.24-9433

B78

NIGHT LEAD (190)

NEW HAVEN, CONN., DEC. 5 (AP)-AMERICA MUST OVERCOME ITS APATHY TOWARDS WAR IF IT IS TO RESPOND TO THE RUSSIAN CHALLENGE, A RETIRED ARMY RESEARCHER SAID TODAY.

GEN. JAMES M. GAVIN (RET), FORMER CHIEF OF THE ARMY'S RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT WORK, ADDED THAT NON-MILITARY WAR IS ALREADY BEING WAGED ON ECONOMICAL, TECHNOLOGICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL FRONTS.

GAVIN SPOKE AT A STUDENT-SPONSORED YALE UNIVERSITY COLLOQUIUM ENTITLED "THE CHALLENGE OF THE NUCLEAR AGE." THE COLLOQUIUM STARTED LAST NIGHT WITH A SPEECH BY CARLOS P. ROMULO, PHILIPPINE AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES.

IT ENDS TOMORROW WITH A SPEECH BY SEN. HUBERT HUMPHREY (D-MINN).

GAVIN SAID "WE ARE FAILING IN OUR MISSILE PROGRAMS, INDIFFERENT TO WAR, WHILE AGGRESSOR NATIONS GENERATE ECONOMIES, ENSLAVE PEOPLE AND DEVELOP SPACE PROGRAMS."

ANOTHER SPEAKER TODAY SAID RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT FROM NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS IS SMALL IN COMPARISON WITH THE NATURAL RADIATION AFFECTING THE HUMAN REPRODUCTION SYSTEM.

DR. JAMES F. CROW, GENETICIST AT THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, SAID IN 30 YEARS A HUMAN IS SUBJECT TO THREE HOURS OF RADIATION FROM NATURAL SOURCES, AND TWO TO FIVE HOURS OF RADIATION FROM MEDICAL SOURCES. THE AMOUNT OF RADIATION FROM FALLOUT, HE SAID, IS MUCH SMALLER.

TD833PES

A119

(180)

NEW YORK, DEC. 5 (AP)-THE HEAD OF THE FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY SAID TODAY HE TRIED TO PAY HIS HOTEL BILL WHILE THE GUEST OF A DEFENSE CONTRACTOR IN THE BAHAMAS "BUT I WASN'T ALLOWED TO DO IT."

RETIRED LT. GEN. E.R. QUESADA, ADMINISTRATOR OF THE FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY, WAS AMONG A SCORE OF AIR FORCE AND NAVY OFFICERS NAMED BY A CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE YESTERDAY AS HAVING ACCEPTED HOSPITALITY OF THE MARTIN CO. OF BALTIMORE.

GEN. NATHAN F. TWINING, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF, LED THE LIST OF GENERALS AND ADMIRALS WHO HAD ENJOYED FREE GOLFING WEEK-ENDS AT THE COTTON BAY CLUB ON ELEUTHERA ISLAND IN THE BAHAMAS.

QUESADA, RETURNING FROM AN OFFICIAL AROUND-THE-WORLD TRIP, SAID AT IDLEWILD AIRPORT TODAY THAT HE HAD SPENT TWO DAYS ON THE ISLAND DURING "THE WINTER BEFORE LAST."

AT THAT TIME HE WAS SPECIAL AVIATION ASSISTANT TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND CHAIRMAN OF THE AIRWAYS MODERNIZATION BOARD.

"I WAS INVITED SEVERAL TIMES," HE SAID. "I EXPECTED TO PAY MY EXPENSES. I THINK I STAYED AT A BUILDING OWNED BY THE (MARTIN) COMPANY."

"THE ONLY EXPENSE I DID NOT PAY WAS THE HOTEL COST," HE ADDED. "WHEN THE TIME CAME TO PAY THE HOTEL BILL, I WASN'T ALLOWED TO DO IT."

WH757PES

A79BX (160)

CONCORD, N.H., DEC. 5 (AP)-A GROUP OF TEEN-AGE QUAKER SCHOOL STUDENTS PRAYED ON THE STEPS OF THE STATE CAPITOL YESTERDAY, THEN WENT INSIDE TO PLEAD THE CAUSE OF A MAN WHO HAS REFUSED TO ANSWER QUESTIONS ASKED HIM IN A STATE SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES PROBE.

THE STUDENTS, INCLUDING A GROUP OF NINE FROM THE MEETING SCHOOL IN WEST RINDGE, N.H., AND THEIR HEADMASTER, GEORGE I. BLISS, TALKED BRIEFLY WITH ATTY. GEN. LOUIS C. WYMAN, BUT FAILED TO CHANGE HIS STAND.

WYMAN CONDUCTED A STATE RED PROBE AT THE DIRECTION OF THE STATE LEGISLATURE. AT THAT TIME DR. WILLARD UPHAUS OF NEW HAVEN, CONN., A



68-YEAR-OLD PACIFIST, REFUSED TO ANSWER SOME OF THE QUESTIONS HE WAS ASKED.

UPHAUS LATER SAID HE WOULD SPEND THE REST OF HIS LIFE IN JAIL BEFORE "INFORMING" ON OTHER PEOPLE. WYMAN HAS SAID HE WILL ASK THE SUPERIOR COURT TO ORDER UPHAUS JAILED UNLESS HE DISCLOSES THE NAMES OF GUEST SPEAKERS AT HIS WORLD FELLOWSHIP CENTER IN CONWAY.

UPHAUS IS SCHEDULED FOR ARRAIGNMENT ON A CONTEMPT CHARGE DEC. 14.

BLISS SAID THE STUDENTS FELT THE THREATENED COURT ACTION AGAINST UPHAUS IS "A VIOLATION OF FREEDOM OF CONSCIENCE."

AJ718AES

End Dec. 5, 1959